# The North Carolinian.

VOLUME III. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1871. NUMBER 4.



## NORTH CAROLINIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY,

By PALEMON JOHN.

*Office on North-east corner of Main and Road Sts.*

TERMS:—Two Dollars a year, in advance. If not paid in advance $2,50 will be charged.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

| | 1w. | 2w. | 4w. | 2m. | 3m. | 6m. | 1yr. |
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| 1 inch | $1 00 | $1 50 | $2 50 | $4 00 | $5 00 | $8 00 | $12 00 |
| 2 inches | 2 00 | 3 00 | 4 00 | 6 00 | 8 00 | 12 00 | 20 00 |
| 3 inches | 2 50 | 4 00 | 5 00 | 8 00 | 12 00 | 18 00 | 25 00 |
| 4 inches | 3 50 | 5 00 | 7 00 | 10 00 | 13 00 | 19 50 | 30 00 |
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NOTICES IN LOCAL COLUMN—Twenty cents per line.

No Paper or Advertisement discontinued until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

For all advertisements displayed by cuts, ten per cent additional will be charged.

☞ Post Office Money Orders we consider perfectly safe, and the best means of remitting Registered Letters, under the new system, are a very safe means of sending small sums of money where P. O. Money Orders cannot be easily obtained. We will not be responsible for money sent in any other way.


## ELIZABETH CITY DIRECTORY.

### PROFESSIONAL.

C. W. GRANDY, Jr., attorney at law, office on Main street, south side. v1n1-1y

C. L. COBB, attorney and counsellor at law, Main st., opposite "Carolinian" office. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. BALL, attorney and counsellor at law, office east side Road street, three doors from Main. v1n1-1y

DR. W. G. POOL, physician and Surgeon, at his residence, south Main st. v1n1-1y

DR. L. K. SAUNDERS, physician and surgeon, Main street, opposite Baptist Church. v1n1-1y

DR. JOSEPH COMMANDER—office Road street, near Leather Hill; residence, Etheridges st. v1n1-1y

DR. R. K. SPEED, physician, office over Green & Fearing's store, cor. Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

DR. E. H. McINTOSH, physician, office Road street, formerly old Post Office. v1n1-1y

DR. I. T. ANDREWS, Dentist, office in North Carolinian building. v1n51-1y.

### MILLINERY.

MRS. SARAH LABOYTEAUX, milliner, southwest corner Road and Main sts. v1n1-1y

### CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

FRANK M. COOK, watches, clocks, &c., &c., Road st., east side, near Main. v1n1-1y

J. L. WINNER, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry &c., over Dr. Butt's Drug Store, Road Street.

### DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

J. Q. ETHERIDGE & Bro, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils, &c., northeast corner Road and Fearing sts. v1n1-1y

DR. JAMES N. BUTT, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils &c., South West corner Church and Road Sts. 45-1y.

DR. GRUMBEIN & CO., drugs, paints, oils &c., south East corner of Main and Road Sts. 45-1y.

### MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

I. A. COHN, dry goods, clothing, millinery goods, goods, shoes, hats, &c., Road st., east side. v1n2-1y

LAND AND LUMBER CO. OF N. C., dealers in real estate, lumber, shingles and general merchandise, Water street, south of Main. v1n1-1y

GREEN & FEARING, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, &c., corner Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

S. WEISEL, ladies' dress goods, clothing, hats, boots and shoes, corner Main and Water sts. v1n1-1y

C. C. GREEN, hardware and general assortment of goods, northeast corner Road and Church sts. v1n1-1y

D. B. BRADFORD, wholesale and retail grocer, No. 35 Road street. v1n1-1y

W. W. BROWN, Groceries, Liquors &c., also, Bowling Alley, Main St. near the Market. 47-1y

W. M. STEGER, baker, confectionery, groceries, &c., Road st., opposite Col. Martin's office. v1n1-1y

### SURVEYING.

W. H. Weatherly, Topographical Drawing and Surveying in all its branches.

### HOTELS.

PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE, Jos. G. Russell, proprietor, Boarding and lodging. Main st., west of Road. 42-1y

PENDLETON HOTEL, T. D. Pendleton, prop'r, Water st opposite Clark's Agricultural Warehouse. v1n1-1y

### LIVERY STABLES.

A. L. JONES, livery stables, old stand, Main street. v1n1-1y

C. B. BROTHERS, Livery Stables, east side Road st., south of Church. v1n1-1y

### MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST CO'S BANKING HOUSE, one door east of the office of the "North Carolinian." v1n1-1y

GEO. M. SCOTT, life, fire and marine insurance agent, southeast corner Main and Elliott sts. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. SMITHSON practical house painter, Road st., near Main. v1n1-1y

GEO. W. BELL, gun and lock smith, Road street, two doors south of Main. v1n1-1y

W. H. CLARK, Agricultural Depot, dealer in agricultural implements, Water st. v1n1-1y

W. C. DAWSON'S Galery of Art, over Butt's Drug Store, Road street. 5-1y.

I. O. O. F.—Achorve Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets at their Hall over Mr. J. Q. Etheridge's Drug Store, every Thursday evening—in Summer at 7½, and in Winter, at 6½.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

### ELIZABETH CITY.

Charter election on the first Monday of January.—Meeting of the Board of Commissioners, afternoon of the first Monday of each month. Mayor—George W. Cobb. Commissioners—H. B. Coleman, Silas Randall, J. B. Robinson, Jesse R. Brown, M. B Culpepper. Treasurer—Geo. W. Bell. Attorney, C. W Grandy, Jr. Clerk—Jos. Commander. Collector—J. H. Miskell. Constable—J. H. Miskell. Auctioneer—A L Jones.

POST OFFICE—W. A. Price, Postmaster.

CHURCHES.—First M E Church, Rev S. S. Lambeth Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m. and 7 p. m.—S. School at 9 o'clock, a. m.—Christ Church (Episcopal), Rev M. H. Vaughan Rector.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Services 10½ a. m., and 4½ p. m. Service in chapel for colored people at 8 p m.—Baptist Church, Rev R. R. Overby.—Sunday services at 7½ o'clock, p. m. and on the fourth Sunday of each month at 11 o'clock, a. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m.; Prayer Meeting on Sunday mornings (except fourth Sunday), after school.—Zion A M E Church, Rev W H Pitts, Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m., and at 3 and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. Friends Meeting every Sabbath at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the house of Dr. Wm. Underwood.

LODGES.—Samaritan, No 1, K. of J.—Meets every Tuesday evening. O. C. Horton, W. C.—Achorve, No 14, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening.——Benefactors and Sisters of Love and Charity.—Meets alternate Tuesday nights.—Grand United Order of O. F.—Meets alternate Thursday nights.

### PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

Sheriff, Jno L Wood; Clerk Superior Court, William E Vaughan; Treasurer, W G Pool; Coroner, H F Keating; Register of Deeds, M B Culpepper; Surveyor, W H Weatherly; Standard Keeper, A L Jones; Commissioners, Geo D Pool, C W Hollowell, C W Grandy, Jr., Hugh Kale, Benjamin Johnston.—Representative, T A Sikes.

SUPERIOR COURT—Tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and October. County seat, Elizabeth City.

### FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Composed of the Counties of Pasquotank, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck, Dare, Tyrrell, Hyde, Beaufort, Washington, Bertie, Hertford, Chowan, Martin, Gates, Northampton and Halifax.

Member of Congress, C L Cobb, Elizabeth City; Collector of Internal Revenue, Wm Barrow, Jackson; Assessor of Internal Revenue, Hiram E Stilley, Washington.

### FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Is composed of the counties of Pasquotank (Court held on 10th Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Elizabeth City,) Bertie, (Court held on 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Windsor,) Camden, (Court 12 Monday after first Monday in March and October) Chowan, (Court 6th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Edenton,) Currituck (Court 14 Monday after the 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Currituck C. H.) Gates (Court 4th Monday after the 1st in March and October—County seat Gatesville,) Hertford, Court 3rd Monday in March and October—County seat Winton,) Perquimans, (Court 8th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Hertford,) and Dare, (Court in June and January—County seat Roanoke Island,) Judge Hon. CHARLES C. POOL, Elizabeth City; Solicitor, Hon. J. W. ALBERTSON, Hertford.

### UNITED STATES COURTS.

Judge Circuit and District Courts, George W Brooks, Elizabeth City; Clerk of Circuit Court, N J Riddick, Raleigh; U S Attorney, D H Starbuck, Salem; U S Marshal, S T Carrow, Washington. The Terms of the Circuit Court are as follows:—1st Monday in June, and last Monday in November, at Raleigh. The Terms of the District Court are as follows: Third Monday in April and October, at Eliz City; S T Bond, Clerk. Fourth Monday in April and October, at New Bern: Chas Hibbard, Clerk. First Monday after the fourth Monday in April and October, at Wilmington Wm Larkins, Clerk.

## BUSINESS CARDS.

JOHN Q. ETHERIDGE & BRO.,

*DEALERS IN PURE*

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PAINTS,

OILS,

GLASS,

VARNISHES,

PERFUMERY,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

All staples connected with a first class Drug Business will always be found on hand.

☞ Prescriptions accurately compounded.

32-1y. E. City, N. C. Jan., 20 70.

FRANK M. COOK, JEWELER,

ELIZABETH CITY, NORTH CAROLINA.

Keeps constantly on hand, and for sale, a large assortment of the

FINEST JEWELRY.

Gold and silver and patent lever, lepine, and other

WATCHES.

Fob, vest, and guard chains, chatelains, keys, seals, charms, gold and silver pencils, silver spoons, breastpins, earrings, bracelets, cuff pins, etc.

REPAIRING

of watches, clocks, musical boxes, accordeons, etc., done with promptness and despatch.

☞ Accordeons and Sewing Machines for sale, also repaired. 8-1y

NEW COACH MAKER SHOP.

TO THE PUBLIC.

To meet a great public demand, I have completed arrangements that will justify me in saying, I have no competition here in the Coach making business.

Work done better and cheaper than anywhere else in this section. Orders for new work of any class respectfully solicited. Repairing done promptly. Shop on Road street, near the Canal Bridge.

MILES COMMANDER.

E. City, July 6th, 1871.-tf.

SMITH, DIXON & CO.

COMMISSION PAPER WAREHOUSE,

338, CHARLES ST, BALTIMORE, MD.

Manufacturers of paper, machine made paper bags, and dealers in all descriptions of Paper, Card board, Twines and Ink. 32-1y

THE ELIZABETH CITY BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY STORE.

Fresh bread, cakes and pies always on hand Also a good variety of candies, fruits, nuts, figs, raisins, pickles, crackers, cheese, butter—in short everything in the bakery or confectionery line always on hand. Families supplied with bread cakes and pies on reasonable terms. Come and see. WILLIAM STEGER.

Road Street, Elizabeth City. 24-1y

HENRY B. COLEMAN.

Practical Painter and Grainer. Also practical Paper Hanger.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C. May 12, 1870. 1y.

## PROFESSIONAL.

W. H. SMITH— —J. H. SHAW.

SMITH AND SHAW,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

Will attend to all matters intrusted to us in the Superior, Supreme and Federal Courts of North Carolina. Collections promptly made. 35-tf.

JAMES M. MULLEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

Practices in all the Courts of Halifax, Northampton, Bertie, Martin and Edgecombe Counties.

Business entrusted to him promptly attended to.

May 3, 1870.-1y.

WALTER CLARK

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

Practices in Courts of Halifax, Martin, Bertie, and Northampton Counties. Also, in Federal and Supreme Courts.

Collections made in any part of North Carolina. 2-1y.

C. W. GRANDY, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND

GENERAL COLLECTOR,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Office North side of Main Street.

Jan. 13, 1870-1v.

PROFESSIONAL.—

DR. JAS. N. BUTT, Can be found at all hours of the day, at his Drug Store. In consequence of ill health he is engaged almost exclusively in an Office Practice. Those wishing medical attention will find him at home at all hours and avoid the annoyance of hunting a Physician absent on professional duties in the country.

E. City Sept. 15, 1870.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

Being engaged in other business, I desire to restrict my Practice to cases of Consultation, and to a limited extent of special practice.

My charges will be—

For consultation with another Physician, $5 00
" each subsequent consultation, in same case..... 2 50
" examination and prescription, from $1 to 5 00
" visit in Eliz. City, and prescription, 1 50
" each subsequent visit, in same case, same day..... 50
" visit in Eliz. City, at night..... 5 00
" visit in country—the first mile..... 2 00
" each after mile, per mile..... 50
" visit one mile in country, at night, or in bad weather..... 6 00
" each after mile, at night, or in bad weather..... 1 00

*Prompt settlement required.*

W. G. POOL, M.D.

Elizabeth City, July 1, 1869-tf.

DENTISTRY.

The undersigned has opened an office in Elizabeth City, N. C., for the purpose of practicing Dentistry in all its branches.

☞ Office in the North Carolinian building second story, corner Main and Road streets.

I. T. ANDREWS.

May 26, 1870-tf.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!—

Having received a large supply of *Susquehanna Ice* I am now prepared to furnish either in small or large quantities to suit parties at the "Elizabeth City Ice House."

On or about May 1st, I shall commence delivering Ice to any part of the City.

CHARLES MAGEE.

Elizabeth City, April 13th-3m.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

The undersigned has resumed the business of House, Sign and Ornamental PAINTER, and respectfully tenders his services to the public in that line of business.

His reputation as a painter is well known in this, and the surrounding counties; and the promptness with which he has heretofore acted, and the faithfulness with which all work entrusted to him has always been done, he hopes will again insure him a liberal patronage.

THOMAS R. BLAND.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Sept. 30, 1869-1y.

W. H. CLARK'S

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT,

*ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.*

MR. CLARK would announce to the public that he has again re-opened his large establishment at which the following Machinery is Manufactured, Horse Powers, different Sizes and Patterns, Corn Shellers for Hand or Horse Power, Wheat Threshers, different sizes, Corn and Wheat Fans.

PLOUGHS of Different Patterns and Sizes always on hand, also, Corn Planters, Straw Cutters, Horse Rakes, Scythes, Reap Hooks and all kinds of Agricultural Machinery repaired at Short Notice.

36—1y.

LIGHT FOR THE PEOPLE.

A NEW LIGHT HAS COME INTO THE WORLD.

The latest and most satisfactory improvement in Light is "SMITH'S PATENT GAS LAMPS." They are the cheapest and most brilliant yet discovered. They are now used extensively in many Northern towns and cities, and give universal satisfaction. They have been in successful use in this City for some time. They are warranted to satisfy. No chimneys, no shades, no wick, no cleaning, no unpleasant odor. The undersigned is Agent for North Carolina.

☞ A supply of lamps, oil, &c., always on hand.

CHARLES S. DAVIS, Agent.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., March 23rd, 1871. 3m.

THE PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE

*Corner Poindexter and 1st Ship-yard Sts.,*

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber having removed his Boarding House, is prepared to accommodate regular and transient boarders. Visitors from the North will find it the best stopping place in the city. Terms moderate.

JOSEPH G. RUSSELL.

July 1, 1869.

PLASTERING & BRICKLAYING.

The subscriber takes this method of informing those desiring BRICKLAYING or PLASTERING done in a good and workmanlike manner that he is prepared to respond to all calls in either line. He has had a large experience and would say that he can guarantee his work to give satisfaction. Residence opposite the Cemetery on Shepard Street.

EMANUEL DAVIS.

ELIZABETH CITY, Feb. 23, 1871-1y.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

The subscriber has opened a Meat Market on Road Street, two doors North of the Post office in Elizabeth City. A supply of Fresh Meats of all kinds constantly on hand. Market open at all hours day and evening.

☞ Delivery Wagon will visit all parts of the town every morning.

L. G. PARSONS.

Dec. 1.—1870-23-1y.

ANDES INSURANCE COMPANY.

CINCINNATI, O.

Cash Assets - - - - $1,200,000.

J. B. BENNETT, PRES'T J. H. BEATTIE SEC'Y.

BLACK & DASHIELL *Agents.*

Office S. W. Corner Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C.

April 20, 1871-tf.

## BANKING HOUSES.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

*Incorporated by the N. C. Legislature, with Liberal Banking Privileges.*

Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

GEO. D. POOL, *Pres't;* R. F. OVERMAN, *Cash'r;*
Dr. P. JOHN, Hon. JOHN POOL,
Hon. C. C. POOL, C. W. HOLLOWELL,
C. W. SMITH, WM. UNDERWOOD,
A. C. MOORE.

Deals in Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, Government and other Securities, etc.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought and sold on reasonable terms.

July 15, 1869-1y.

GUIRKIN & CO.

BANKERS & BROKERS,

COBB'S BRICK BUILDING, ROAD ST.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Do a general Banking business,

Buy and Sell, Gold and Silver, Domestic and Foreign Exchange,

Deal in State, County and Corporation Bonds and Stocks.

☞ *Interest allowed on Deposits.*

Also Agents for FIRST CLASS LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Policies effected at lowest rates and in best Companies in the world. 28-tf.

## LIVERY STABLES.

JONE'S LIVERY STABLES

*At Elizabeth City, N. C.*

I would announce to my friends and the public that I am still at the old place on Main street, a few doors west of Road, and keep horses, buggies, carriages, &c., for hire. Persons promptly accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms.

ARTHUR L. JONES.

Mar. 17, 1870.-38—1y.

LIVERY STABLES

AT ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his old friends and the public generally that he is still at the "old stand" and continues to keep horses, buggies, carriages &c., for hire. Persons accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms. Remember the place—on Road Street near the canal bridge.

0-1y C. B. BROTHERS.

## Selected Story.

### "Don't Tell Betsey Jane."

AN AMUSING LITTLE STORY.

"And, for your life, don't tell Betsey Jane!"

Mr. Nicodemus Harding, having uttered this caution in a low, earnest tone of voice, alighted from a Concord wagon in front of his own farm-house door, and stood there a few minutes in a brown study, watching the figure of his brother-in-law and the lawyer, as he drove back towards the village of W——, whence the two men had just come.

"Don't tell Betsey Jane!"

Now, Betsey Jane was Mr. Nicodemus Harding's wife, a stirring, notable soul, who made more butter and cheese, and took more eggs and fowls to market in the course of a season, than any other woman for miles around. Strong, healthy, and hearty, she made the housework fly, to use her own energetic expression; and if Nicodemus Harding owned his farm that day, and was well-to-do, in fact a rich man to boot, it was owing in no small measure to the skill and energy, and general go-a-headativeness of his Betsey Jane. What was it, then, that the ungrateful man was not about to tell her?

"It would never do, never!" thought Nicodemus to himself, shaking his head. "She'd be wanting a new carpet, or a new silk gown, or the house all painted over, or some such nonsense. No, the woman is the weaker vessel; it won't do to trust one too far. Their heads won't bear it."

So Mr. Nicodemus passed through the house, and out toward the barn, with the pre-occupied air of a hen who has an egg to lay, and don't know where she can hide it from the eyes of mankind to the best advantage. The kitchen was empty and silent as he went through it. But oh, if he could have seen the buxom, good looking female who stole silently out of the pantry, and as silently followed him on his way toward the barn!

Mrs. Harding came back in about twenty minutes or so, with a face red from suppressed laughter.

"Don't tell Betsey Jane," she said, giggling into her gingham apron. "You are a very smart man, Nicodemus, and my brother, Tim Noyes, is another, and a lawyer in the bargain. Don't tell Betsey Jane, indeed! Two wretches, you deserve all you'll get, pretty soon!"

Betsey Jane said no more, but bided her time. A week passed, and then brother Tim's wagon drove up again to the door, and Nicodemus stepped into it, and was off to the village once more. Betsey Jane had asked in vain to go.

Nicodemus was bound on business—"business which a woman could not understand," he loftily exclaimed. He, lord and master, well out of sight, Betsey Jane went about that business a woman could not understand with a merry twinkle in her bright black eyes.

At 4 P. M. Nicodemus returned home again, looking quite as important as before. He tiptoed along through the kitchen, Betsey Jane watching him from the corner of her eye all the while. He passed out into the shed. A fragrant smell of smoke came forward to greet him—an odor of burning corn cobs gradually curing ham. Nicodemus turned deathly pale, and ran frantically forward to a large fire smouldering in the ash-house, and a large ham or two, covered over by blankets, hanging placidly there. The yell he gave brought Betsey Jane from the house instanter, to find Nicodemus grovelling before the ash-house door, weeping and wailing and tearing his hair, and uttering yell after yell of despair.

"Why, bless me! what's the matter? Are you in a fit? Let me run for the camphor," shrieked Betsey Jane.

"Camphor! Bring arsenic: Bring poison of some kind—poison!" yelled Nicodemus frantically.

"Woman, you've ruined me! Twelve thousands dollars in government bonds did I put in that ash-hole for safety just a week ago, and now you've gone and burned them to cook that cussed bacon. Pison! Pison! Pison! and let me get out of the dreary world."

"Oh!—so that was what you were not going to tell Betsey Jane! Ar'n't you ashamed of yourself, Nicodemus Harding?"

Nicodemus could not answer. He laid prostrate in the ashes and howled.

"Get up and don't be a fool!" said Betsey Jane, amiably. "I heard you and brother Tim conspiring at the door that day, and I watched you go to the ash-hole, and soon found out what you had hid there. Woman is the weaker vessel, no doubt, but she don't put twelve thousands dollars where the first match that comes handy can burn it up! Here are the bonds, Nicodemus—for ten thousand I've kept two for my honesty."

Poor Nicodemus! He gathered himself up out of the ashes, and took his bonds—what was left of them. He rather thinks it pays best, on the whole now, to tell Betsey Jane.

## Communicated.

### The Hertford Academy.

HERTFORD, N. C. July 8th, 1871.

*To the Editor of the North Carolinian:*

Permit me to ask room in your paper for a brief notice of "The Hertford Academy" and the interesting exercises which have recently terminated its session. This Institution, in common with every thing else of the kind in North Carolina since the termination of the war, had languished, until it seemed impossible to revive its former reputation and usefulness but the Trustees, although much and often discouraged and receiving small "aid and comfort" from our citizens, have displayed most laudable zeal and perseverance and at last the Academy is fairly upon its feet again. The male Department, ably and efficiently taught by Mr. W. G. Gaither, a distinguished graduate of Trinity College, has more than doubled its pupils. The Female Department has made equal progress under the management of Mrs. Amelia Barrow assisted by Miss Sarah Gordon.

The first term of the school, since its new and successful start, terminated this week with a thorough, public examination of all the classes, with exercises in Composition, Declamation, Dialogues, Music &c., which were well attended by an intelligent audience from this and adjacent counties. Wednesday 5th was devoted to the examination of the younger classes in both Departments and Thursday 6th to the examinations of the higher classes, and I have heard but one opinion from all who attended, which is, that the recitations reflected the highest credit upon Teachers, Pupils &c., Thursday night the spacious Hall of the upper story was filled to its utmost limits, with our citizens and visitors, to witness the closing exercises of this interesting occasion. The affair was well and orderly conducted and sustained by the principals of Departments, Mr. Gaither and Mrs. Barrow acording to the following programme:

1st, Song: Maggie May.

2nd, Declamation: The Battle of Waterloo by J. M. Jordon, Hertford.

3rd, Composition: Castles in the Air by Miss Lizzie S. Gilliam, Hertford.

4th, Dec. Time: Willie Pugh, Bertie County.

5th, Comp.: Basking in a Ray too bright to last, by Miss Neppie E. White, Hertford.

6th, Music: Pride Polka, Miss L. S. Gilliam Hertford.

7th, Dec.: Anon, Joseph Towe, Perquimans County.

8th, Comp.: Mother, Home and Heaven by Miss Bettie S. Wood, Hertford.

9th, Dec.: Greatness cannot be entombed by Harry Skinner, Hertford.

10th, Com.: What are the Wild Waves Saying by Miss Edith Gordon, Hertford.

11th, Song: "Little Gipsey Jane,"

12th, Dec.: The loss of a National character, by J. C. Simpson, Hertford.

13th, Com.: Our last days at school, by Miss Mittie Gatling, Perquimans County.

14th, Dec: No excellence without Labor by Augustus Arps, Hertford.

15th, Dialogue: Gifts of the Fairy Queen

16th, Declamation: The face of Switzerland, by Josiah H. Perry, Chowan County.

17th, Music: Wandering Spirit Polka by Miss Bettie J. Wood Hertford.

18th, Comp.: Perseverance always conquers, by Miss Alice Singleton Hertford.

19th, Debate: Should Women be given the Ballot, affirmative, by Henry Gilliam Hertford, Negative by R. L. Blount, Woodville.

20th, Comp.: A few thoughts or Why it is so, by Miss M. J. Simpson, Hertford.

21st, Dec: The character of Bonaparte, by James Gattling, Perquimans County.

22nd, Music: Return of Spring, by Miss L. S. Gilliam, Hertford.

23rd, Dec: The Seminoles Defiance. by T. J. Merinder, Perquimans County.

24th, Comp: Shall our Lands wither, by Miss S. V. Smith, Hertford.

25th, Dec: The Sword of Lee, by Thomas H. Skinner Hertford.

26th, Dec: The folly of Complaining, by Joseph White, Perquimans County.

27th, Comp: God in all things, by Miss Jennie C. Daughtery, Nansemond County Va.

28th, Dia.: Quarrel of Brutus and Cassius, by Henry Skinner & Henry Gilliam, Hertford.

29th, Farewell song of Enoch Ardin.

30th, Dia.: Boarding School Accomplishments.

31st, Epilogue, A. C. Jordon, Hertford.

To conclude this hasty and unworthy notice, I will state, that the exercises and performances of the whole week *should* and doubtless will give the Institution a reputation quite equal to any heretofore sustained by it.

T. H. GILLIAM.

### Address of Hon. John Pool.

TO THE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The circumstances surrounding pending events in North Carolina are more serious and threatening than is generally supposed by the people. My official position having given me peculiar facilities for information, I feel it my duty, as the highest representative of the State in the National Government, to offer my views and counsel.

The Reconstruction Policy of Congress not only made the slaves free, but placed the colored people of the whole country on a civil and political equality with the whites. It embraces not only the right to vote, sit upon juries and give evidence in the Courts, but guarantees to all the "equal protection" of the laws, by express provision in the National Constitution.

This policy was adopted partly from a sentiment of abstract right and justice. But it was hastened by well grounded apprehensions that the whites would not willingly allow the emancipated slaves the practical exercise and enjoyment of the rights of free citizens in the Southern States. It was precipitated by the Convention that the future peace and safety of the country required the introduction of a new element by sentiments of gratitude and interest and which could be relied upon so long, at least, as the Government might continue to be its only protection against oppression and wrong. It was believed that when public feeling in the South should be so changed as to freely accord to the freedman the full and practical exercise of equal rights, there would no longer exist any sentiment of hostility to the Government itself—and that until then, the colored vote would check any dangerous manifestation of such hostile sentiment.

It is idle, at this day, to inquire into the justice of this distrust on the part of the Government. But the mind will naturally advert to the terrible events of the rebellion, and to the attitude assumed by its leaders, upon its overthrow. It was natural for the Government to be sensitive to any manifestation of continued hostility, and painfully solicitous to avoid a repetition of the dangerous ordeal through which it had just passed. A large part of the southern people are now in danger of committing a fatal mistake, by supposing that this sensitiveness and solicitude have ceased to exist.

It was perhaps, natural for those engaged in the rebellion, to feel keenly and deeply the overwhelming defeat of their purpose, and to chafe under the poverty and ruin caused by an ill advised resort to arms, and by the criminal protraction of it into a hopeless struggle and the useless destruction of life and property. But after its close, trusted leaders owed it to the people whom they had led to subjugation, to have informed them of the danger of further hostile manifestations, and counselled them to prudence and conciliation.

The Reconstruction Policy was forced upon the people of the South by the military power which they themselves have invoked, and to which they had been compelled to submit before they would recognize the National authority.

The colored vote was brought in to conform it to the established usuage of American institutions, and that vote is still relied upon to uphold and maintain it under the laws, and thus to prevent the necessity for further military force. It is the fixed purpose of the American people to maintain it by every means that may become necessary. A popular issue was made upon it in the elections of 1868, and decided by a fair and even contest at the ballot-box. It is now evident that no respectable party at the North will longer avow a pur pose to distrust that decision. But dissatisfied and disappointed political leaders have perfected a secret organization, in nearly all the Southern States, extending it into every favorable locality, for the purpose of practically nullifying the policy of the Government by intimidation and violence upon the colored people, and upon those, who aid and encourage them in the free exercise of the rights, which have been conferred on their race.

The crimes committed by this organization have been of such a character as to challenge the most serious attention of the country, and to arouse the indignation and horror of all men, except those whose political interests and views they are meant to subserve. Numerous and horrible as they have been in North Carolina, they appear to have been still more so in several of the other Southern States.

The government has kept itself informed of many of the facts, and held a vigilant eye upon the general progress of the movement. That it has meant to maintain its Reconstruction Policy by any and all necessary means, and to prevent its being practically nullified by such organized, local violence and outrage, has been well known to all who cared to become informed. The delay in resorting, at once, to the requisite means has been only from the hope that the State governments might themselves be induced to apply the proper remedy, and thus relieve themselves and the nation from the evils and excitement consequent upon a further interference in their local affairs. The general government would feel justified in such interference, whenever required to protect its citizens in the free enjoyment of the rights guaranteed by the National Constitution. But when, as in the present case, the protection of such rights is deemed requisite to its own peace and safety, such interference is likely to be considered imperative. It has been perfectly evident that the government could not and will not permit organized, local violence to subvert the well considered line of policy to which it has been compelled to resort for its own protection against the renewed hostility of its conquered enemies.

The danger thus threatened to the Southern States has deeply impressed me, for the last two years. But there have been other painful consideration connected with the subject. No one could be insensible to the disgrace incurred by Southern society for permitting organized assassination, murder, scourging, and other nameless crimes to go unpunished and even unchallenged. Notwithstanding the bold denials of the partizan press, and the violent denunciation of every mention of the disorders, capital, enterprise and immigration could not be deceived, but have turned away from us at the time they were most needed to retrieve our great misfortunes. The National Government has kept itself sufficiently apprised of the increasing magnitude and theatening character of the disorders to be anxious and distrustful as to the result. Friendly and beneficent legislation for the South has been thus checked and delayed. General amnesty, large appropriations of public lands for educational and agricultural purposes, and perhaps, for great works of internal improvement, increased mail facilities, the payment of just claims for losses during the war and a general solicitude for our material interest, have all been prevented or postponed, in view of the possible, if not probable necessity for a further resort to arms in order to bring the recently insurgent States into harmony and safe relations with the National Government.

I have observed the situation and the tendency of events with the most painful anxiety. The responsibility and obligations of my official position have seemed to be rendered more grave and oppressive from circumstances to which I cannot here advert with entire propriety. From a sense of public duty, I have abstained from party, as well as personal controversy; have been silent, when personal and party interests seemed to require vindication; and have endeavored to subserve every other consideration to my estimate of what was due from a conscientious citizen, occupying, in a threatening and critical period, the important position of an American Senator. It has been no difficult task, in view of my higher duties to my country, my section and my State, to forego, for the time, any personal vindication of myself against false and malignant aspersion.

The interests and petty quarrels of individuals are not to be thought of in the dangerous emergency through which we are passing. The justice and sober wisdom of the people of North Carolina may be relied upon, in the end; and I now appeal to them, not in my own behalf, but in behalf of their own peace and interests, and of the safety and welfare of the entire county.

The presence of the colored race in the Southern States, as slaves, underlay the cause which led to the late war. Their presence as free citizens, and bearing a large proportion to the white race in numbers, now presents the most serious problem a nation ever had to solve. Ignorant and poor; subject to the prejudice of race and to a condition of public sentiment arising from the unforgotten servility and degradation of their late position in society, they have suddenly become a political element, holding the balance of power among the former ruling classes in the South. The victory of the National Government over the rebellion of their former master gave them freedom. That government gave them equal, civil and political rights, in order to secure itself against future danger from the manifest continuance of the sentiments and purposes which led to the rebellion. As was expected, they naturally exercise those rights in the interest of the party which conferred them. Believing its safety involved, the government naturally considers any attempt to prevent by violence such exercise of their rights, not only as an open defiance of its laws and authority, but as an act of open hostility.

The States having failed in any effective measure to suppress the violence, the danger of another resort to military force has become, month by month, more imminent. As a question of prudence, as well as of National obligation, it has been the plain duty of the States to act. As a question of right, of justice, of humanity, of law and order, their duty has been quite as plain. In any effort on the part of the States, the first resort was properly to the Courts. That failing, their military, in aid of their civil power, must next be tried. In North Carolina, I advised an earnest effort with both. Had it succeeded, we, at least, would have escaped the danger of another military occupation by the United States forces. The representatives in Congress, who look to the real interests of the Southern States, and seek to save them from the evils of further military occupation, have urged that a timely resort to the civil tribunals of the Nation might be first tried, in order to prevent, if possible, the necessity for more violent measures. That is now being tried. Its success depends on the co-operation and good disposition of the people. It is unfortunate that party zeal and bitterness is arrayed against it. Should it fail, the result will quickly show that, as in 1861, so now, the worst enemies of the Southern people are those who assume to be the special guardians of their interests, seek to obtrude upon them violent counsels.

Unfortunately for North Carolina its Legislature, at the late session, adopted measures, so flagrantly inconsiderate of the situation of affairs, and so directly in aggravation of the dangers and difficulties surrounding us, as to seem really designed for mischief. They were so swift to repeal existing State laws for the suppression of organized crime, that it appeared as meant to encourage the disorders and to shield the perpetrators. The impeachment of the Governor of the State upon no charges, except such as were connected with his efforts to suppress such crimes by the last resort of State authority, seemed intended to show the nation that it might place no further reliance upon the Southern States, either for the protection of its citizens or the practical enforcement of the essential and fundamental principles upon which it had agreed, after their rebellion, to readmit them to their former participation in the general government of the country. It would have been more prudent and just to have founded the impeachment upon his having so long permitted wholesale scourging, murder and assassination to continue, without a much earlier resort to every measure necessary for their suppression.

The power to impeach and remove the Governor was believed to have been obtained by organized violence, and through the most atrocious outrages upon the persons of the recently enfranchised voters; and by thus placing them under such intimidation as to practically nullify the operation of the reconstruction policy which the government had adopted for its own safety. The removal of the Governor from office by a strict party vote, for his efforts to prevent such outrages and intimidation, can be viewed in but a single light.

But the most serious and dangerous step taken by the Legislature, was its refusal to provide, by the Legislative mode, for the few amendments to the Constitution, which it pretended were necessary; and its anxious and persistent efforts to call the people together in Convention for the exercise of sovereign powers. It was considered as an effort to use, hastily the ascendancy of of violence and intimidation, to complete its design before the national Government or an aroused public sentiment could have time to suppress it.

The failure to call the Convention tended somewhat, to allay, temporarily the apprehension. But the renewal of the effort quickly followed, and in a manner believed to be

# NORTH CAROLINIAN.

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL MEN.

**PALEMON JOHN, : : : : : : Editor.**

Elizabeth City, N. C., July, 20, 1871.

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## NO CONVENTION.

Election the First Thursday in August.

## Anti-Convention Candidates.

FOR PASQUOTANK COUNTY,
**C. W. GRANDY.**

FOR PERQUIMANS COUNTY,
**J. W. ALBERTSON.**

FOR CHOWAN COUNTY,
**AUG. M. MOORE.**

FOR BERTIE COUNTY,
**F. C. MILLER.**

FOR HERTFORD COUNTY,
**G. H. MITCHELL.**

Hon. C. L. Cobb will address the people on the political questions of the day at the following places and times:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Currituck C. H. | July | 19th. |
| Moyock | " | 20th. |
| Indian Ridge | " | 20th. |
| Camden C. H | " | 21st. |
| South Mills | " | 22d. |
| Elizabeth City at night | " | 24th. |
| Roanoke Island | " | 29th. |
| Shiloh | Aug. | 2d. |

### *WHAT DO THEY WANT!*

The Convention advocates and candidates are all unable to tell us exactly what alterations and changes are to be made in the Constitution in the event of a Convention being called. We have asked them time and again and have utterly failed to get an answer. They don't tell us what they propose to do.

The truth is, the Conventionists in different parts of the State are not agreed as to the changes wanted by themselves. Messrs MARTIN of Pasquotank, WILLIAMS of Camden, WALKER of Currituck, SKINNER of Perquimans, and COKE of Chowan *may* agree upon certain amendments, but the candidates from the central counties want something else, and those from the West insist upon still other radical changes. The result will be that discord and confusion will characterize the proceedings of the Convention, and a Constitution will be framed far less suited to our condition and needs than the one we now have. Then we say to those who think our present Constitution is imperfect,

"Better bear the ills we have
Than fly to those we know not of."

We tell the people there is danger in all this agitation. We have not been told what the Conventionists propose to do; and to allow them to meet with *carte blanche* power to uproot and overturn the fundamental law of the State is entrusting them with what no people jealous of their rights and liberty should ever grant to any body of men. The "price of liberty is eternal vigilance," and in times like these it behoves us all to watch continually and to be on the guard always.

### *OUR GREAT NEED.*

The great need of the South to day is INDUSTRIAL RECONSTRUCTION. The mass of the people are poor; their lands are exhausted; they have few manufacturing establishments; what little capital they have lacks the courage to attempt enterprizes, and their vast sources of wealth remain almost wholly undeveloped. Let their material prosperity be restored and the most important step towards the era of good feeling between the North and the South will have been taken. The empty pocket always complains.

Now we know that the North is able and is willing—if properly encouraged—to aid with its surplus capital and its abundant energy to arrest the material decadence of the South; to substitute a diversified agriculture for absorbing devotion to a seductive speciality; to build mills and factories, and rail roads; to open mines; to widen and deepen canals; in a word to naturalize upon southern soil the industrial system which has made its own people so prosperous.

But to secure this, the South must extend a cordial welcome. She must put the past behind her and prepare for a more glorious future. The amendments to the Constitution already ratified, and the various acts of Congress necessary to secure their observance must be sustained. All attempts at revolution and all efforts of a *partisan* character to change the fundamental law must be frowned down.

Let the people of North Carolina do this on the 3rd of August next, and it will inspire confidence in the stability of our institutions, and will bring the kind of emigration we need, and capital to build up and develope our State, and a prosperity will result such as we have never realized before.

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Section 1 of Article XIII of our present Constitution was copied from the old Constitution. In the Convention of 1835, at which it was adopted, the debates show that it was proposed by Mr. MEARES "as an additional safe guard against the efforts of *a bare majority* to uproot the fundamental principles of the government." Those debates further show that the late Judge GASTON, one of North Carolina's eminent jurists, supported the section in an able speech of the *most determined hostility* to the mere majority principle, declaring that if that principle prevailed "he would not give one fig for all the matters which the Convention had been adjusting."

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Poor men of North Carolina! it is your interest to have peace and quiet in the State that the work of development and improvement may go on, which will result in giving you employment and wages. To secure this vote *against* Convention.

### *THE GREAT RIOT IN NEW YORK.*

New York is a Democratic City. Its government is intensely so. The 12th of July being the anniversary of the battle of Aughrine, fought in 1690, a few days after the battle of Boyne, in which William III. Prince of Orange, defeated James II, the last of the Stuart Kings, is generally observed by an Order called the Orangemen, composed of Irish Protestant. The Irish Catholics of New York were determined that there should be no celebration by the Oangemen this year and made threats of "wiping them out" if they attempted it. The authorities were asked to interfere but instead of doing so yielded to the mob and issued an order forbidding the celebration. This cowardly act so aroused the press and the people as to give loud expression of indignation. At the last hour the Governor was forced by the universal public sentiment and demand to issue a proclamation warning all persons to keep the peace and promised protection to all the citizens in the exercise of all their rights. But it came too late to prevent the effusion of blood. The Orangemen paraded, as they had a right to do, but were attacked by the Ribbonmen and there was severe fighting along the streets. Some 58 were killed and over a hundred wounded. With the exception of a half a dozen soldiers and policemen, the sufferers were all from the mob. But for the bold action of the military the streets of New York would have run with blood. Dearly do the people of that City pay for their Democratic administration.

### *THE COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.*

Hon. E. W. CAPRON having accepted an appointment from the Japanese Government, has resigned his position as Commissioner of Agriculture. Hon. FREDERICK WATTS, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed to succeed him. We know Judge WATTS personally. He is an able man.

The salary of the position accepted by CAPRON will be $20,000 a year, and the object is the introduction into that ancient empire models of American agricultural implements, manufacturing and railroad machinery, and of all sorts of domestic furniture and equipments tending to illustrate the phases of business, social and domestic life in the country. It is a curious spectacle thus to see one of the oldest nations of the globe, the civilization of which has been in a christalized state for long centuries, casting off its fetters and applying to the youngest of the nations, whose birth was but of yesterday, for instruction in the arts of progress and refinement. It is the highest tribute ever paid to the genius of our people; and viewsd in this light, we congratulate Mr. Capron on being the chosen agent for transferring American art to the remote East.

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It is now time to quit the discussion of the constitionality of the people calling a Convention.

Its necessity is the question.—*Sentinel.*

Yes, that is the partisan cry,—it is a *party* "necessity." With men of the JOSIAH TURNER class it is party first and party all the time. It has always been so. When constitutions are in their way, they trample upon them; when the public interest cry for relief they turn a deaf ear, and when a bleeding country implores assistance they mock her in her agony—all that party may triumph.

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The Williamston *Expositor* pays the following compliment to the Solicitor of the Second District:

The good citizens of this Judicial District are in no small degree indebted to Joseph J. Martin, Esq., Solicitor, for his efforts in the suppression of crime and disorderly conduct. Mr. Martin in the discharge of his duties does not permit himself to know friend or foe, rich or poor, all are prosecuted with equal force.

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Patience, courage and perseverance can accomplish wonders. In those sections of the South where the people have taken hold of their wrecked fortunes with courage and hope, "letting bygones be bygones," they have brought back much of their old prosperity—in many instances are better off than they were before.

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No party can change front and live. Hence the "new departure" of the Democracy is not ouly an acknowledgement of a want of confidence in itself but is a declaration of failure. It is but the beginning of the end. It is the repentance like that so often transpiring in condemned men's experience between sentence and execution.

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Do not listen to the old political leaders of 1861—those we mean whose counsel brought revolution, disaster and war. They were wrong then; they are wrong now. The people who followed them got into trouble; those who follow them now will get into difficulty again. Fore warned is forearmed.

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We desire to see the prosperity, happiness and independence of the State restored. This can alone be done by peace and quiet, by obedience to law and loyalty to the government and by harmony and industry among our people.

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The Legislature went into power by declaring itself in favor of "reform and low taxes." Finding the State in a deplorable financial condition, why did it not make some appropriate legislation for her relief?

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The people of North Carolina want no more revolutions. They have everything to lose and nothing to gain by them. Revolutions have been the source of all their misfortunes.

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Flattering reports reach us that our friends from Currituck to Cherokee are being aroused and are alive to the issues before them. The Convention is doomed.

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Remember that the highest authority in the State—the Supreme Court—declares the present Legislative call for a Convention unconstitutional.

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Let the people remember that none but a *constitutional* Convention can stand. Any other will only get us into trouble.

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Our outside this week is largely taken up with the able Address of Hon. JOHN POOL. We bespeak for it a careful perusal. Let his words of counsel be heeded.

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Property holders of the Old North State; do you want your taxes increased? If you do, vote for Convention, for if convened it will cost the people a large amount which you must pay.

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In looking over the record it will be seen that these eastern counties—Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden, and Currituck—have always been opposed to Conventions, and that too by an almost unanimous vote. Will they go back on their records now?

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The Democratic "new departure" is a confession of the popularity of Republican principles. The Democrats have at last begun to realize that the only chance for them is in the adoption of principles corresponding as nearly as possible to those of the Republicans. They intend to make the difference so narrow that it cannot be easily seen. Then they hope to win.

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## Correspondence.

[For the North Carolinian.]

### To the Union Men of 1861.

In looking back to the Convention of 1861, which passed the ordinance of secession, and to the events which transpired shortly before that Convention met, a thoughtful observer will see much to remind him of the present condition of affairs.

The Secession leaders, at that time, promised a peaceable overthrow of the United States government. Now, they propose a peaceable overthrow of the *State* government. Then, they fired the Southern heart by the disparagement and abuse of Yankees. Now they have transferred the attack to colored men and white Republicans. Then, they said, that every Whig and Union man was an abolitionist, and a traitor to his section. Now they speak of those, who sustained the government, as carpet-baggers, "niggers," and scalawags. Then, they attempted to browbeat the honest masses of the people by threats and intimidation. Now, they are pursuing the same course. Then, they organized their Knights of the Golden Circle to defy the authority of the National government. Now, they muster their Ku Klux Klans to break up the State government. The same men who led the Democratic party of 1861 (with few exceptions) lead the Democratic party of 1871. They intertain the same views, and seek to accomplish the same ends. They publicly say, they were not *subdued* by the war, but *overpowered*. Stephens refuses to accept the situation. Toombs says, that the South will be ready to fight again sooner than is expected. Jeff. Davis boasts, that he will again be President of a new Confederacy. Can it be possible, that the Union men and Whigs of 1861, desire the history of the last ten years to be repeated? Are they willing to follow the counsels of men, whose mad folly brought on the most gigantic civil war of modern times? Will they consent to be led by men, who, by their wicked and desperate course, deprived them of nearly all their property and murdered their sons, and fathers, and brothers? Have they suffered their prejudice against the colored people and their hatred of the government to infuriate them to such an extent, that they are willing again to hazard their all in a new rebellion?

We think not. We believe, that the sober, right thinking people of the country will rise in their majesty, and condemn with a mighty voice the unconstitutional method, adopted by the Democratic party, to inaugurate another revolution.

That the bill passed by the last Legislature, proposing to call a Convention, is unconstitutional, there can be no doubt whatever. Let us look, for a moment, at the authorities which sustain this view of the subject. The article in our present Constitution, which provides that no Convention shall be called except by a two-thirds vote of each house of the General Assembly, is copied verbatim from the Constitution of 1835. By reference to the debates of the Convention of 1835, it will be seen that Judge Gaston and nearly all the leading men of that day sustain our position. In 1854, an attempt, similar to the present one, was made by Gov. Graham to call a Convention. I believe, every Democrat in that Legislature, and the most talented and Conservative of the Whigs pronounced this mode to be unconstitutional. The Legislature of 1860–'61, were so thoroughly satisfied, that the views expressed by the leading men of all parties in 1835, and in 1854 were correct, that notwithstanding the fearful degree of excitment, which then prevailed, they refused to call a Convention, except by a two-third's vote. Winston, Fisher, Barringer, Gov. Reid, Gov. Manly, Gov. Bragg, Judge Biggs, and last of all Judge Ruffin, the most eminent jurist our State has ever produced, were emphatic in pronouncing an effort to call a Convention, exactly like the one now proposed, as unconstitutional and revolutionary. In this connection, we have deemed it unnecessary to refer to the distinguished Judges of our present Supreme Court. They are unanimously of the same opinion with the illustrious names before mentioned. It is true, the Democratic Press charge the present Judges with being interested, and thus attempt to weaken the force and weight of their authority; but they fail to tell the people, that the lawyers of their own party, who have shifted their ground since 1854, are equally interested on the otherside. The Judges are interested in holding their present positions. The Democratic lawyers are interested to get them out and step in themselves. In fact, there are but two men in the State, who advocate the Constitutionality of the Convention Bill, upon whom the Democrats rely with any confidence—Mr. Moore and Gov. Graham. Mr. Moore is a great lawyer and a pure man. But the best of men too often suffer their pet schemes of ambition to stand in the way of correct conclusions. It is said, that Mr. Moore has, for thirty years, ardently desired a seat upon the Supreme Court bench. He is as morbidly anxious to be a Judge, as Mr. Chase is to be President. It is also said, that he expected to receive from Gov. Caldwell, an appointment to the position, now held by Mr. Boyden. We would not attribute unworthy motives to Mr. Moore; but we regret, for his fame, that he did not let his views upon this question be known, before all chance of promotion under the present regime had passed away, and when he saw, that the fruition of his hopes could not be realized without an overthrow of the present State government.

Gov. Graham, unlike his political associates, has the merit of being consistent. He is always consistent. He is the most perfect sample North Carolina has ever produced of an American Bourbon. He has not learned anything, nor forgotten anything for forty years. He seems not to know that we have had a war. He thinks and talks of nothing but the past. He hugs the spectre to his bosom and imagines that a skeleton is clothed with flesh and that the life-blood is flowing in its veins. Yes, Gov. Graham has been sadly consistent since he was elected to the Confederate Senate. His enemies say, that he then, sold himself, body and soul, to the Rebellion, and, that he has not yet discovered that his idol was of clay. He stood in the way of reconciliation. He opposed all peace-measures. He insisted that the war should be fought out to utter subjugation. He, more than any other man—more than all others combined, thwarted the movers of the peace-resolutions of 1864. He, more than any one else, is responsible for the lives of North Carolina's noblest sons, which were sacrificed from that time to the surrender at Appomattox. So bad an adviser in the past should be entitled to but little credit now. But let us deal gently with Mr. Moore and Gov. Graham. They are old now. The vigor of their manhood is gone. It is natural, that they should look back to the institutions of their childhood with an affection peculiar to second childhood. We trust, our readers will pardon this digression. We said, a while ago, that these two men, Mr. Moore and Graham, were the only two, whom the Democrats could claim, as sustaining their view, and with whom, they were enabled to challenge the vast array of authorities, which we have produced.

The Convention-bill, then, we take it, is unconstitutional. Do the Democratic leaders mean war and another revolution? Let us see. There is a section in our Constitution which denies the right of secession, and acknowledges the supremacy and sovereignty of the National government. The first act, which was passed, and which the Governor refused to execute, contained a proviso, restricting the Convention from any alteration of this section. The second act removed this restriction. Why? Will crack-brained Joe Turner tell us why? Was it because the Democrats feared, that, if this restriction remained, those who still cherish hopes of reviving the lost cause would refuse to vote for the Convention? Was it in deference to this element in their party, that this restriction was not retained? Or (which is more probably the case) were they unwilling to bind themselves not to secede, in the event of the election of a Democratic president in 1872, when they think they may do so peaceably? These are startling questions. We ask the Union men of 1861 to think about them.

What is the character of the candidates nominated by the Democratic party for seats in the Convention? We are not sufficiently acquainted with the antecedents of public men in North Carolina to refer to them all. We will call attention to a few in our immediate locality.

In Chowan county, Captain Coke is the Convention Candidate. He held a command in the Confederate Army. He was an old line Democrat and original secessionist. He was *overpowered*, not *subdued*.

In Perquimans county, Thomas G. Skinner, the son of James C. Skinner, is the Covention Candidate. He was an old line Democrat and original secessionist. He was *overpowered*, not *subdued*.

In Pasquotank county, Col. Martin is the Convention Candidate. He is a very clever gentleman, who said in 1861, that secession would be peaceable and promised to wipe up all the blood that would be shed with a small white cambric pocket-handkerchief. Who said, that *one* Southern man could whip *ten* Northern men, and promised to drive off all the Yankees by spitting at them. The Col. was an old line Democrat and original secessionist. He was *overpowered*, not *subdued*.

In Camden county, with four hundred Whig majority, Charles Williams is the Convention Candidate. No Whig was worthy to be trusted. Mr. Williams was an old line Democrat and original secessionist. He was *overpowered*, not *subdued*.

What does all this mean? Are the old Whigs and Union men traitors to their section still? Is no one of them fit to be trusted? Are the Democrats unwilling to trust them to take the State out of the Union in 1872? These, too, are startling questions. We ask the Whigs and Union men of 1861, to think about them.

WARNING.

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### Hertford County against the Convention. Outpouring of the Masses. Voice of the people.

On Monday the 3rd. inst., a large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Hertford county assembled at the Court House in Wiuton for the purpose of nominating a Candidate against the proposed Convention.

On motion Joseph P. Weaver, Esq. was called to the chair and Jno. P. Reynolds was requested to act as Secretary. In a few remarks appropriate to the occasion the chairman explained the object of the meeting.

On motion of Hon. Wm. D. Newsom, there was a Committee appointed consisting two delegates from each township in the county, and one for the county at large to select the name for a Candidate against the proposed Convention. During the absence of the Committee, Hon. W. D. Newsom entertained the meeting with quite an appropriate speech, and was followed by the chairman.

The Committee returned and reported the name of Col. George H. Mitchell. On motion a Committee of three was appointed to wait on Col. Mitchell and inform him of his nomination. The Committee soon returned accompanied with the nominee who ascended the stand and amidst shouts of applause accepted the nomination in quite an able speech, declaring that he was opposed to the Convention and pledged himself that he would not diverge from those principles, if he should be elected and he will do all in his power against the Convention. His nomination was made unanimous.

Rev. L. W. Boone, being called for was next introduced, and in an able and logical argument, he did prove that the Convention act was unconstitutional and revolutionary. His speech will tell at the ballot box, the 1st Thursday in August next against a Convention, in Hertford county.

The following resolutions were read and unanimously adopted as expressive of the feelling and sense of the meeting.

Whereas, the people of this State have been called upon by the General Assembly to vote on a proposition to call a Convention to amend the present constitution and whereas it is a privilige and right of the people to meet together and consult on all matters affecting their interest, the people of Hertford county in Convention assembled at Winton.

*Resolve 1st*, That it is inexpedient at the present to have a Convention assemble to change organic laws, we are too recently energed from a terrible conflict to risk the change again.

*Resolve 2nd*, That it was never contemplated by the framers of the present constitution that a bare legislative majority should change or make Constitutions. Since it is evident that organic laws are to be preserved.

*Resolve 3rd*, That the act of the General Assembly calling upon the people to vote on the question of Convention is in itself unconstitutional and revolutionary as the Constitution of North Carolina expressly declares that no Convention of the people shall be called by the General Assembly unless by the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members of each house of the General Assembly.

On motion the Editors of the North Carolinian and Carolina Era were requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting. On motian the meeting adjourned.

J. P. WEAVER, *Chairman.*
J. P. REYNOLDS, *Secretary.*

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### The University.

*To the Editor of the North Carolinian:*

In perusing the newspapers published in our State, I have been very much surprised to see, that scarcely a single line has been written in behalf of our University, since the suspension of its exercises in December last. It seems to me that is a duty every educated man owes to his State and posterity, to cherish and support his University. And furthermore it seems to me that the sons of our renowned University, are failing to perform a duty which is incumbent upon them, when they remain perfectly silent and see their *Alma Mater* sinking into insignificance.

The laws of our State have always given aid to our University; and our Legislators have always before now considered it their first duty to make ample provisions for the support of this Institution. But the members of our present Legislature seem to be unconscious of the responsibility which is resting upon them, in regard to our University. Instead of supporting this renowned Institution as the law requires, they have deprived her of her resources in direct violation of the oaths which they most sacredly took the day they entered into office.

The members of our Legislature well know, that if the doors of our University are closed, many young men of our own State will be deprived of a good education.

Now Mr. Editor, if our Legislators profess to be men who have the interest of their State at heart, let them reopen the doors of our University to our talented young men, in order that they may be taught the lessons of wisdom and goodness, which are indispensably necessary to make them fit to rule in our councils and form laws for our common wealfare.

There are three Libraries connected with our University, each of which contains over ten thousand volumes of books of all sorts. These books are now scarcely ever read, and consequently are of but little service to the people of our State.

Now let us all endeavor to put the machinery of our University in operation again, in order that the good effects of its influence may be experienced by our people throughout the length and breadth of our State. Yours respectfully,

W.

Elizabeth City, N. C. July 15, 1871.

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### Europe.

JULY 12.—It is believed in Paris that the Legitimist party has been dissolved. The Communist prisoners are wanted by Americans as colonists. The Courts-Martial will open on the 15th inst. Roman Catholics have been prohibited from reading secular newspapers in Rome. President Thiers has written a letter to the Pope. Cabral is soon to be deposed by his partssans. The revolutionists have gained important successes in Venezuela.

JULY 13.—M. Gambetta has taken his seat in the French Assembly. The party of the Right are preparing an answer to the manifesto of Count de Chambord. Count de Polignac is dead. The King of Spain has accepted the risignation of Senor Moret as Minister of Finance, Senor Sagasta being appointed to the position.

JULY 14.—It is rumored that M. Favre will retire from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and be succeeded by Duke de Broglie. The effective strength of the French army is 230,000 men. The trouble between the Sultan and the Khedive has been referred to the French Government. The steamer Port-au-Prince has been lost at soa.

JULY 15.—Riotous demonstration have been made in Nice against the French authorities. A powder explosoin has caused much damage in Paris, several lives being lost, Earl Derby has astonished the Tories in the House of Lords by denouncing the purchase system in the British army. The Spanish Cortes has adopted a portion of the budgtt.

JULY 17.—Further particulars of the engagement between the United States forces and the Coreans are given to-day. Compulsery military service has been agaeed on by a Committee of the French Assembly. Arrests of Communists continue. The Legitimists declare that their party is still intact. The murderer of Gen. Prim has been arrested in Madrid. An outbreak is threatened in Porto Rico. A negro insurrection is imminent in Jamaica.

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### General Summary.

Right makes might.—Abraham Lincoln.

The Grand Lodge of the I. O. O. F. of this State meets in Raleigh on 19th inst.

The State Fair will commence in Raleigh October 17th.

The Warrenton *Gazette* says the crops in that county were never better.

Grieve not that men know not you; grieve that you know not men.—Confucius.

We enjoy ourselves only in our work, our duty; and our best doing is our best enjoyment.—Jacobi.

On some countenances is written a history, on others merely a date.—J. P. Richter.

Every undertaking is involved in its fauls, as the fire in its smoke.—The Bhagvat-Geeta.

A woman on the auction block is a sadder sight than a queen on the scaffold.—Charles Sumner.

The revenue authorities in the western part of the State are vigorously raiding on the distilleries.

J. W. Douglass has been appointed Commissioner of Internal Revenue, vice Gen. Pleasonton, removed.

One county in Iowa reports three men made insane by the excessive use of tobacco.

A Hartford man who made a little lunch on raw oysters, at twenty-five cents a dozen, paid the bill when his appetite was satisfied. It amounted to $5,50.

Henderson Young, the negro who was convicted at the last term of the Mecklenburg Superior court of the murder of Mr. Edward Smith, of that county, was hung in Charlotte on Friday.

Pop Oxendine, one of the negro outlaws of Robson county, has been arrested and lodged in jail at Wilmington.

Alvin Adams, the founder of the express business in this conntry, who was a poor man 30 years ago, now resides in Watertown, Mass, and is one of the wealthiest citizens in New-England.

The second son of the late President Lincoln, Thomas, familiarly know in Mr. Lincold's life-time as "Tad," died in Chicago on Saturday morning, of dropsy of the heart, aged eighteen years. His illness dates from a few days after his return from Europe with Mrs. Lincoln.

A young lady member of the choir in a church in Lyons leaned too far over the gallery during the sermon, on Sunday, to look over at a new bonnet or something of the kind, and, losing her balance, fell headlong plump upon the head of a deacon, bounding thence into the aisle, very much demoralized, but not seriously hurt. The deacon demoralized, but not seriously hurt. The deacon complains of the headache. But the singer joined in the last hymn.

Confident hopes of carrying the next election in California are expressed by well-informed Republican politicians.

A young lady has been appointed watchman at the bridge over the branch of the Neuse river near Goldsboro.

At Derby, Connecticut, Mrs. Nelson H. Sherman has undergone a preliminary examination on a charge of murdering by poison three husbands and eight children belonging to them.

CONSERVATIVES AND THE STATE DEBT.—Conservatives in the Legislature pretend that they want a Convention to enable them to reduce the State debt. They say that the present Constitution providing for its payment weighs heavily on their *consciences*.

Now, it so happens, that the Constitution of the United States imposes the same "constitutional difficulty," and forbids them passing any law "impairing the obligation of contracts." How do they proprose to get over *that?*—*Era.*

The great organ at Raleigh grinds no more on the Constitutionality of the Convention Act, but hereafter confines itself to "squeaking" the necessities of the party of *new* "moral ideos" and a "higher law.—*Telegram.*

BATTLE FOR YOUR HOMESTEADS.—The artillery of the friends of Convention are all cocked and primed and heavily shotted with grape and canister and leveled against the Homestead. On the third day of August the match is to be applied, and a deadly assault will be then made upon the poor men of the State. Homestead men! are you ready for the onset? If you are not, prepare now; organize at once; no time is to be lost: the crisis is upon you; if you suffer yourselves to be defeated you will have no one to blame but yourselves. You can win a glorious victory if you will only turn out to the polls and assert you rights. If you fail to do this you will hereafter hear the agonizing cries of your poor wives and your houseless and homeless children when they shall be turned out of doors and made to endure the pitiless storm by youa heartless creditors. Save your wives and your children then, while you have the power in your own hands to do so.—*Era.*

The Boston *Commercial Bulletin* amuses its readers with the following:

Best fish for birds—The Perch.
Good fish for soldiers—The Sword-fish.
The fish for theatrical managers—The Star and Stock-fish.
Pretty waiter-girl fish—The Bar be (le.)
For blacksmiths—The Bellows-fish.
For dancers—The Boni-to.
For critics—The Carp.
Fish that give no credit—The C. O. D.
Fish for a lady's wear—Her-ring.
The strongest—The fish that's Smelt.
A (n)ice fish—The Skate.
Fish for Fenians—The Pike.
The fish for misers—The Gold-fish and Shiners.
For charity—The Po(o)r-purse.
For office-seekers—The Plaice.
For marble-workers—The Sculpin.
For carpeuters—The Saw-fish.
Fish likely to go off the quickest—The Torpedo.
For gymnasts—The Muscle.
For singers—Minims.
For shoemakers—The Sole and 'Eel.
For schoolmasters—The Whale.

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## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of W. Myres, of the county of Perquimans, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

M. B. CULPEPPER, Assignee.
4—3t. Elizabeth City, N. C.

NOTICE!

State of North Carolina } Superior Court
Washington County, } February Term 1871.

Joshua B. Davenport, Administrator of Henry Woodley, dec'd.

*Against*

James A. Leighter and wife Margaret, Benjamin F. Woodley and Henry T. Woodley.

PETITION FOR SETLEMENT.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that James A. Leighter and wife Margaret, Benjamin F. Woodley and Henry J. Woodley, who are defendents in the above named cause do not reside within the limits of this State. It is therefore ordered by the court that publication be made for six weeks successively in the NORTH CAROLINIAN a newspaper published in Elizabeth City, N. C., notifying the said parties if living, or their personal representatives to be and appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court for said county of Washington at his office in the court house at Plymouth on the third Monday of September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the Plaintiff's complaint filed in this cause, otherwise the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard exparte as to them.

Witness J. A. Melson, Clerk of said Court at office in Plymouth 1st July A. D. 1871.

J. A. MELSON,
4-6t. Clerk of Superior Court.

THOMAS PARR

CABINET MAKER AND UNDERTAKER,

most respectfully informs his customers, friends and the public generally, that he has removed to *E. City, N. C.* and comenced his old business as Cabinet maker and Undertaker.

He is now prepaired to furnish *Metalic* and wood coffins of the latest improved kind and best quality, as cheapas they can be purchased in this market.

His *Hearse*, will be ready at all times to serve his customers at any distance within thirty miles, upon the same terms and same prices as within this immediate vicinity.

He is prepared to repair furniture of every kind and quality, and furnish new furniture on as reasonable terms as any one in this section.

It will be to the interest of those who may desire any article in his line of business to give him a call at his ware-room on Road Street near C. B. Brother's Livery Stables.

E. City, N. C. July 20, 1871.

NOTICE!

OFFICE OF THE LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY OF N. C., ELIZABETH CITY
July 5th, 1871.

A special meeting of Stockholders of this Company will be held at their office on Monday August 7th 1871 at 10 o'clock A. M. by request of a majority of stockholders in amount.

CHAS. H. ROBINSON,
Secretary.

DISCUSSION.

J. W. Albertson and Thos. G. Skinner will address the people of Perquimans county upon the Convention Bill at the following times and places, viz:

Thursday, July 13th, at Oak Grove.
Saturday, " 15th, " Bethel.
Tuesday, " 18th, " Woodville.
Thursday, " 20th, " New Hope.
Saturday, " 22th, " Newby's Bridge.
Thursday, " 27th, " Riddick's store.

Speaking will commence at one o'clock, P. M.

PENDLETON'S HOTEL,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

T. D. Pendleton, Proprietor.

This well-known house is located conveniently for the traveling public, being near the boat landing. Especial attention is aken to make guests comfortable. Charges moderate.t 22-1y

IF YOU WISH NEAT AND CHEAP

**JOB WORK**

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO THIS OFFICE.

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## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VALUABLE PROPERTIES
IN
**JAMESVILLE,**
MARTIN COUNTY, N. C.

# For Sale.

A new **Hotel,** in the town of Jamesville, built of No. 1 heart Pine and Cypress lumber, painted three coats white paint inside and out; all the rooms and halls papered with French wall paper; has 14 rooms, with plenty of closets; wide veranda on front and side; kitchen separate from main Building, connected by a covered platform. There is a garden of 1½ acres of ground, with 10 scuppernong vines, surrounded by a neat white washed fence. Price $4000 cash.

**Also!** A new **Bakery,** well fitted up with everything necessary to carry on the business. A store room and Wood Yard attached. A good Baker can make $75 per week. Price $1000 cash.

**Also!** A **Farm,** containing 200 acres, a part of it inclosed in the Corporation of the town of Jamesville and laid off in lots. About 60 acres in a high state of cultivation. The farm is well fenced with cypress plank and rails. It has a new house with all the necessary out buildings. Price $5000 Cash.

**Also!** A **Tract of Land,** near Jamesville, containing 5000 acres. This is good farming land, lays high and is well drained. Well covered with a growth of heart pine. Price from $3 to $5 per acre according to location.

**Also!** A new **Cottage House,** finished in best style, with outside kitchen, stable, well, store house &c., including 2 acres of land surrounded by a picket fence. Building and fence painted. Price $3000 cash.

**Also!** Fifteen **Town Lots** in Jamesville, at various prices, ranging from $100 to $600 per lot.

**Also!** The **Steam Saw Mill** at Jamesville, known as the "Baily Mill" This mill is waranted to cut 8000 feet of inch boards per day. It has connected with it a No. 1 Planing Machine made by the Putnam Machine Co., which cost last year $1200, including a Tounger, Grover, Lath Saw, Edging Saw Cut off saw and all the appliances belonging to a first class Mill. The Mill is situated on the Roanoke River and has a good wharf. A good home market for all the lumber. Price $7500. This property will be sold for good paper, or security on time if desired.

**Also!** One half interest in a steam Saw Mill known as the "Baily & Water's Mill" 24 miles from Jamesville. This mill was built by the Newburg Iron Works, Newburg, N. Y. and is warranted to cut 8000 feet of lumber per day. Price $2000, cash. For further particulars inquire of E. H. BAILY
Jamesville, Martin county, N. C.,
June 1 1871.

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**FRANK M. COOK,**
WATCH MAKER & JEWELER,
AGENT FOR THE

Home Shuttle Sewing Machine,

THIS UNEQUALLED SEWING MACHINE

uses a straight, needle and drop under feed, "Lock Stitch," (alike on both sides.)

Has a self adjusting Tension, and is adapted to every variety of sewing for family wear, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest cloth and will even sew Lether.

It will Hem, Fell, Bind, Cord, Braid, Seam, Tuck, Ruffle, Hemstitch Gather, and sew on at the same time, and will work equally as well on Silk, Linen, Woolen and cotton goods, with Silk Linen or cotton thread.

PRICE LIST.

No. 1 to Turn by Hand.....$25,00.
No. 2 complete with table Treadle....$37,00.
No. 3 complete with table treadle and cover.....$42,00.
No. 4 nice cabinet case.....$75,00.

WARRANTEE.

Every Mach ine is warranted perfect in every respect, and if any part fails, from any imperfection within five years I will supply the part free of cost.

Agents wanted in the Counties of Gates, Chowan, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck and Dare.

Office No. 70 Road Street.

E. City, N. C.

SHALL WE BUILD A COURT HOUSE?

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS PASQUOTANK COUNTY ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., JULY 5, 1871.

It is ordered by the Board of Commissioners of Pasquotank county, that there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said County on the first Thursday in August next the question, whether they are willing to be Taxed Five Thousand dollars a year for three successive years, commencing with the year 1871, for the purpose of building a "Court House." Those in favor of said Tax being levied voting a Ticket "Court House;" those opposed voting "No Court House." And it is further ordered that separate polls shall be opened at the various election precincts in the county for the purpose, under the same rules and regulations as the Convention is held, and by the same persons who hold said election.

M. B. CULPEPPER,
3—3t. Clerk.

ELECTION!

At all the precincts an election will be held in Pasquotank County on Thursday, August 3d, next, for the purpose of testing the sense of the people in the County for or against a Convention, and for the election of some suitable person as a delegate to the Convention, should one be called, also, an election for Township Officers and to test the voice of the people on the question of their willingness or unwillingness to be taxed for building a Court House.

JOHN L WOOD, Sheriff.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., July, 13, 1871.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION!

The firm under the name and style of C. C. Allen & Bro., will dissolve by mutual consent on the 1st of September. All persons indebted to the said firm either by note or account are respectfully urged to come forward and settle and all persons having claims against the firm will present them for payment. Either one of the partners are authorized to receipt in settling accounts. We hope that our friends will not delay in closing their accounts as we are anxious to close the copartnership, Very Respectfully,

C. C. ALLEN.
T. C. ALLEN.

The Sr., Partner will continue business at the old stand.

NOTICE!—

Having taken out Letters of Administration upon the estate of WILLIAM B. HENLY deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said decedent to exhibit the same to me, properly authenticated, on or before July 10th, 1872; and persons indebted to the same are requested to make immediate payment.

W. G. POOL, Public Administrator.
E. CITY, N. C., July 6th 1871.

SUPERIOR COURT,

CHOWAN COUNTY.

John L. Leary and Walter I. Leary. } Plaintiffs:

*vs.*

Eliza M. Ihrie (widow of late Peter Ihrie,) Ross R. Ihrie, Camilla C. Ihrie, William Runkle and Caroline B. (who was Caroline B. Ihrie) his wife, children of said Peter Ihrie, dec'd, William I. Leary, Camilla R. Leary, Adelaide R. Leary, Ross I. Leary and Thomas H. Leary infant children of William I. Leary and Elizabeth K. Leary, dec'd, (who was Elizabeth K. Ihrie and daughter of said Peter Ihrie dec'd, Elizabeth Atlee, Alfred I. Atlee, Edward Atlee and Margarett Atlee, infant children of Edwin A. Atlee and Anna Atlee, dec'd, (who was Anna Ihrie and daughter of said Peter Ihrie dec'd.) Defendants.

It appearing that this is a proceeding by the Plaintiffs against the Defendants for the Partition or sale of a certain farm in Chowan county State of North Carolina; and it further appearing that all of the Defendants except William I., Camilla R., Adelaide R., Ross I. and Thomas H. Leary, are non-residents of this State and that personal service of the summons cannot be made upon them: The Court doth order that this notice be published in the North Carolinian for six successive weeks, notifying the said non-resident Defendants that this cause will be called for trial on the 21st day of August, 1871, at which time they are required to appear and defend their interests in the matter.

WM. R. SKINNER, Clerk.

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## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE LITTLE STEAM MILL.

The subscribers having purchased the Mill lately owned by Griffin & White, at the Long Bridge, E. City, announce to the public that we have thoroughly repaired the machinery of said mill and are prepared to do all kind of work in our line. We understand this Mill has had a good reputation for grinding wheat With our experience in milling we hope to be able to merit and obtain a full share of patronage.

P. S. Cash paid for grain. Wood

# NORTH CAROLINIAN.

THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1871.


*THIS WEEK'S ADVERTISEMENTS.*

We call attention to the following new advertisement in this issue.

New York Advertisements.
Notice.
Cabinet Maker.
Court Notice.
Tailoring.

## Local and Personal.

☞ Our Agricultural column is crowded out this week.

☞ We are prepared to print tickets. Send the orders in time.

☞ Our Coatesville, Pa., subscriber is informed that it is all right.

☞ J. H. SHAW, Esq., has gone on a Northern trip. Will be absent some weeks.

☞ See appointments of Hon C. L. COBB in another part of this issue.

☞ Dr. KREBS & Co., Merchant Tailors, are kept busy. See their new card "bottom end up."

☞ A contemporary says that in his locality the mosquitoes are "on the wing, on the sing and on the sting." We are not thus annoyed.

☞ Quite a number of our families have migrated to Nag's Head to spend the hot months at that delightful summer resort, and more are preparing to go.

☞ The Republicans of Elizabeth City will hold their nominating Convention in the Court House on Monday evening, to nominate Candidates for Township Officers.

☞ One week more and the election will be over and the Convention question settled. Then we shall resume our usual variety and make the NORTH CAROLINIAN more interesting to the general reader. Bear with us yet one week.

☞ The proceedings of the Fourth of July meeting at Halifax did not reach us until our last issue went to press. They would be stale appearing in this. Spirited resolutions were adopted endorsing the Administration of President GRANT, the action of Gov. CALDWELL and the course of Hon. C. L. COBB.

☞ Our kind friend J. N. BELL, of Washington, N. C. has sent us a One Dollar bill of the "Hungarian Fund," dated Feb, 2 1852, and to be paid "one year after the establishment of the Independent Hungarian Government." Of course we *credit it*—as another addition to our cabinet of curiosities.

☞ The colored men of this place have organized a "Working men's Real Estate and Building Association." They hold their meetings in the colored Academy. At their special request we have addressed them, explaining the objects, purposes and benefits of such Associations. They have organized under the Act of the Legislature of this State.

☞ The *Telegram* says that we missed our "guess" by one in reference to the number of Churches in Raleigh. There are *eleven* churches in that city: three Episcopal, two white and one colored; three Baptists, one white, two colored; three Methodists, two white, one colored; one Presbyterian, white; one Catholic, white.

☞ Old line Whigs and Union men of 1861! read the clear, pointed and practical address to you in this issue of the NORTH CAROLINIAN. The issues involved are momentous, the parallels drawn are startling, and the points made are worthy your calm and serious consideration. Surely you have not—you *cannot* forget the scenes of ten years ago. Do not let us have them repeated.

☞ The Democracy of Pasquotank County held their County Convention at this place on Saturday. Speeches were made by Dr. SPEED and Col. MARTIN. There did not appear to be any enthusiasm. The effort all the way through seemed to be like pushing a heavy load up hill! They nominated Col. W. F. MARTIN as their candidate for Convention. He'll be beaten by Capt. GRANDY by a handsome majority. The resolutions adopted were a rehash of what may be seen in the *Sentinel* every week.

☞ The communication of "Theo" contains a little too much theology of the dogmatic sort to be admissible to our columns. We have no disposition—indeed we have no business to clash against the settled religious convictions of any sect. We do not hesitate to say to our correspondent, however, that we have more faith in the religion that is undemonstrative, unostentatious and *practical* than that which, Pharisee like, makes a loud profession. The Evil one publishes his works—aye and his hypocracy and self righteousness, but God keeps his grace growing quietly, like the blessed corn or the spreading cedar.

☞ As elsewere announced, the Democrats of this County have selected our townsman Col. W. F. MARTIN as their standard bearer in the canvass now before the people. Personally we esteem him. As a citizen he is exemplary and public spirited. As a lawyer he is able and successful. But as a politician and leader—is he to be trusted? Were his counsels safe in 1861? Was a single prediction he then made with so much confidence and assurance verified? Have the people forgotten these things? Is he not the same man in sentiment and feeling he was then? Are his counsels any safer now, or is his advice any more reliable? We ask these questions for the thoughtful men of all parties to consider before voting, for this is a time when personal considerations should give way to the higher one of the public good. Personally we would trust Col. MARTIN as far as any man, but politically we fear his honest adherance to his settled convictions would lead us all into trouble and danger.

☞ The meeting at Weldon on Saturday last was a large one. Hon. C. L. COBB presided. Speeches were made by U. S. Attorney General ACKERMAN and others.

☞ We thank our friends in the several counties for their polite requests to address them before the election, but we must decline. Our business is in our office. Our duty keeps us here.

☞ The Methodist Quarterly meeting was held at New land, commencing on Saturday. Rev. Mr. BLACKWELL, the Presiding Elder, was in attendance. An interesting Protracted meeting is now in progress.

☞ Reports reach us that leading Democrats, of the betting order, are *anxious* to bet that the State will not go *against* Convention by *more* than ten thousand majority! Isn't this virtually giving it up? They already begin to feel that they are beaten.

☞ A correspondent from South Mills sends us an account of a Pic Nic held at that place by the Colored Sabbath Schools on Saturday last. There was a large attendance, and everything passed off satisfactorily, and in the best of order.

☞ The Conservatives of Elizabeth City Township held their nominating Convention on Saturday and nominated the following ticket; for Magistrates: W. W. Griffin, Geo. W. Charles, W. H. Clark, W. W. Kennedy, Wiley G. Burgess, Samuel Cartright and T. D. Pendleton: For School Committee, C. C. Green, G. W. Bell and L. C. Dashiel: For Constable, Jos. B. Robinson, and for Clerk, John Q. A. Etheridge.

☞ A gentleman in this city was nominated for Magistrate by the Democrats on Saturday. On Sunday evening he officiated in the pulpit, denouncing every office holder from *magistrate* up, and prayed that they might all he turned out and better men—himself we suppose—*put in!* The election being near at hand he evidently intends to improve the time; "Poor pussy wants a corner."

☞ The Democrats at their Convention on Saturday made the Court House a *party* question. We are surprized at this and we have met and conversed with a number of the members of that party who do not endorse the resolution adopted. We need a new Court House. The present place of holding our Courts is inconvenient and unsuitable. The county records are not safe. The County owns a good lot. It is now paying *one tenth* of the proposed amount to be raised a year, for rent. The Commissioners inform us that $5000,00 a year can be raised without increasing our taxes over what they were last year. It ought not to be—it *is not* a party question.

☞ On Thursday evening last Dr. WM. UNDERWOOD, of this city, was arrested on a warrant issued by the Mayor of Norfolk on an oath made by one A. C. MOORE, charging that on the 24th of July 1869—*two years ago*—the said Underwood passed a check to said MOORE for $900 on the Exchange National Bank of Norfolk, signed by Jos. UNDERWOOD & Co., representing that they had funds there. Accompanied by his Attorney WM. H. SMITH, ESQ., the parties went to Norfolk on Friday's Boat, and on arriving there insisted on an immediate examination. The Mayor refused bail and committed the accused to the charge of an officer to await the action of the Grand Jury. On Saturday morning a writ of *habeas corpus* before Judge BLOW was sued out and a capias was issued directing the officer to show cause why the accused should not be brought before him to hear argument on an application for bail. In the afternoon the summons was obeyed, and after hearing the evidence and the argument of counsel pro and con, his Honor, not having jurisdiction to discharge the case, admitted the accused to bail in the nominal sum of $500—leading men of Norfolk, Col. WILLIAM LAMB and E. C. LINDSEY, ESQ., voluntarily going his sureties. The facts disclosed in the examination were such as not only to arouse the strongest sympathy in behalf of Dr. UNDERWOOD, but also the deepest indignation against the prosecutor. In due time these facts will be made public, and they will show that a more flagrant outrage was never committed upon any man. We will but add that on learning of this arrest our citizens generally not only manifested their sympathy, but expressed their indignation. The course of the Doctor as a citizen and a man has been such as to impress all with his public spirit and his integrity of character. No man stands higher in our community.

*OUR LOCAL PORT-FOLIO.*

A man in the *write* place—an editor. Maids of honor—those who don't jilt suitors. Warbling 'o nights—the frogs. Kept wiggling—fans. Getting scarce—locals. A good weather guage—to see a fellow coming down street with hat in one hand and handkerchief in the other. A motto for grocers—honest tea is the best policy. Good advice—to take the world as *it is* and not as it ought to be. A bad place to get out—the elbow. Creature comforts—good wives. Mere matter of form—fitting a dress. Popular "church service"—matrimony. The price of the NORTH CAROLINIAN—only two dollars a year. Going down—the old Market House. Still at work—the hands on the streets. Busy canvassing—the candidates. Again paid us his compliments—"our Senator" in his speech last Saturday.

## Business Locals.

Lowenberg & Jacobs, 35 Market Square, Norfolk Va., are both North Carolinians, and hence every North Carolinian visiting Norfolk should call and see them. Their asortment of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, and Notions cannot be excelled.

Blanks of all kinds always on hand at the North Carolinian office.

For tickets send to the North Carolinian office.

For Posters, Letter-heads, Bill-heads, Cards, &c., send your orders to the North Carolinian office.

Notwithstanding the warm weather Keaton tries to keep things lively and attractive at his Store. His motto is "quick sales and small profits."

### Opinions of the Judges of the Supreme Court.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
SUPREME COURT
Raleigh February 11, 1871.

*To his Excellency Governor Caldwell:*

Sir: In reply to your communication of the 9th instant, I have the honor to say that the Chief Justice Rodman, Dick, and Settle are of opinion that the act to which you refer is in violation of the Constitution.

All legislative power is vested in the General Assembly. Calling a convention is an act of legislation. It follows that no convention can be called unless it be done by the General Assembly.

The people have reserved to themselves no power of legislation. It follows that a convention cannot be called by a vote of the people, nor will such voting enable the General Assembly to call a convention in a manner authorized by the Constitution.

Justice Reade, for the reason stated by him when the opinion of the Justices was requested by the General Assembly in regard to the tenure of office, declines to give an opinion.

Upon the second question in regard to your duty, provided you believe the act to be unconstitutional, the Justices do not feel at liberty to offer an opinion.

Very respectfully, &c.,
R. M. PEARSON,
*Chief Justice Supreme Court.*

### Vote at the Right Place.

Let the people remember that the last Conservative Legislature passed a law which prohibits any one from voting anywhere in the county except in his own Township, and he must be registered in his Township before he can vote there. He must vote for or against a Convention on a separate ticket, and he must also vote for the candidate or candidates of his choice on a separate ticket. The poll holders must prepare distinct boxes for the different tickets. All the votes for or against Convention are to be put in the same box. Be sure to see that your tickets are put in the right boxes. No doubt attempts will be made to deceive you. If you cannot read yourself, take some friend with you to the polls who can read, and who will see that you are not cheated out of your vote by its being put in the wrong box.—*Eva.*

Mrs. Wharton a prominent and wealthy widow lady of Baltimore, Md., has been indicted by the grand jury for murder in the first degree for poisioning Gen. Ketchum, of Washington. It appears that the General held a note of Mrs. Wharton's for twenty-six hundred dollars. A few weeks ago he bought a house and lot on Franklin square, near the late residence of ex-Secretary Stanton, for $11,000, and was to have been soon married, It was to collect the money due to pay for his purchase that he went to Baltimore. The note has been traced to Baltimore with him, and cannot now be found, nor can any evidence be elicited that Mrs Wharton paid it. There is no doubt here with those who have examined into it, as to how he came to his death. Suspicions are strong against Mrs. Wharton for poisioning several other persons through which she attained large sums of money.

The splendid new residence of Mr. C. R. Paxton, in Loudoun county Va., near Leesburg, was struck by lightning Wednesday evening, during the storm, and considerable damaged. Mr. Lack, of Leesburg, who was at work in the house, was instantly killed by the shock.

In July, 1861, Oliver O. Howard, a modest subaltern, fought his first fight at Bull Run, and in 1871 Major-Gen. Howard delivers a peaceable Fourth of July oration almost on the old battle-field.

### Temperature of Elizabeth Cit.

*For the week ending July*, 15, 1871.

REPORTED BY J. G. RUSSELL.

| | 6, A. M. | 1, P. M. | 6½, P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 9th. | 78, | 90, | 84. |
| 10th. | 80, | 92, | 88. |
| 11th. | 78, | 95, | 86. |
| 12th. | 80, | 92, | 78. |
| 13th. | 78, | 86, | 80. |
| 14th. | 76, | 88, | 76. |
| 15th. | 76, | 89, | 80. |

Average 83.
Rain on the 11, 12, 14 and 15.

## THE MARKETS.

### Elizabeth City Prices Current.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Beef Hams—Dried, ℔ lb. | | 20 |
| " Fresh " | 10 @ | 15 |
| Bacon...Clear side ℔ lb | | 17 |
| " Rib side | | 18 |
| " Shoulder | | 10 |
| " Hams, country | 13 @ | 15 |
| " " sugar cured | 16 @ | 18 |
| Butter—Country | 25 @ | 30 |
| " N.Y. State | 45 @ | 50 |
| Beeswax—℔ lb | 25 @ | 30 |
| Beans...white Navy, | | 1,50 |
| Corn—new, ℔ bu. | | 72 |
| Cheese—℔ lb | | 27 |
| Chickens—Spring ℔ pair | 25 @ | 30 |
| Cotton yarn—℔ block | | 1,50 |
| " in seed, ℔ lb. | 2c @ | 3 |
| " in bale, | 13c @ | 14 |
| " in lint, | 14c @ | 15 |
| Peaches—Dried, ℔ lb | | 20 |
| Eggs—℔ doz. | | 12 |
| Flour—Super. ℔ bb | 6,00 @ | 7,00 |
| " Extra | 7,00 @ | 8,00 |
| " Family | 8,50 @ | 9,50 |
| Herring ℔ bbl | | 7,00 |
| Feathers—℔ lb | 25 @ | 60 |
| Flaxseed—℔ bu | 135 @ | 140 |
| Hides—Dry ℔ lb | 12 @ | 13 |
| " Green | 5 @ | 8 |
| Lard—℔ lb | 16 @ | 18 |
| Lumber—Heart pine ℔ 1000ft | 18,00 @ | 22,00 |
| " Cypress " | 18,00 @ | 20,00 |
| " Sap " | 10,00 @ | 15,00 |
| " Lath " | | 3,00 |
| Meal—℔ bu., 50 lbs | | 85 |
| Oats, new—℔ bu. | 50 @ | 60 |
| Peas—Black ℔ bu | | 60 |
| Black Eyed Peas | | 1,25 |
| Pork—Mess | 19 @ | 20 |
| Potatoes—New ℔ bu. | | 50 |
| " Sweet ℔ bu. | | 150 |
| Rails—Juniper ℔ 1000 | 30,00 to | 50,00 |
| Shingles—16 inch, heart | 4,50 to | 5,50 |
| " 12 " " | 5,00 to | 6,50 |
| " 12 " sap | 6,00 @ | 8,00 |
| " W. I | 2,00 @ | 2,50 |
| Salt—℔ sack, 3 bu. | | 2,00 |
| Salt—T. L. per bu. | | 70 |
| Tallow...℔ lb. | 10 @ | 15 |
| Wool—℔ lb. | 20 @ | 25 |
| Whiskey—℔ gal. | 1,75 to | 2,50 |
| Yeopon...℔ bu | 25 to | 45 |

### Norfolk Markets.

Cotton—Stained 10¼@12. Good ordinary 17@17¼. Low Middling 19@19½.
Corn, white 82c. Mixed 81c. Oats 55c.

### New York Market.

Money easy at 3 per cent. Sterling 110½ Good 11½. Government securities firm. North Carolinas 60 45½; new 27. Cotton 20½c. Flour from $6 to $9 according to quality. Wheat from $1,45 to $150.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

A FEW WORDS TO THE LADIES.—Many ladies, particularly mothers nursing, complain of a tired, listless feeling, or complete exhaustion, on arising in the morning. On the wife and mother devolves the responsibility or regulating the duties of the household. Her cares are numerous, and the mental as well as the physical powers are frequently called into requisition. She often finds her slightest occupation a weary task and existence a burden, while at the same time she has no regular disease. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, if resorted to at this period, will prove an unfailing remedy for this annoying lassitude. The effects of this potent agent are soon seen in the rosy cheek and elastic step of the head of the family, as with restored health and renewed spirits she takes her accustomed place in the family circle. If this friend in need be regularly used, those depressing symptoms will never be complained of, and not only would lassitude not be experienced, but many diseases following its advent be avoided. As a medical agent it has no equal, while its pleasing flavor and healthful effects have made it a general favorite. It is free from all properties calculated to impair the system, and its operations are at once mild, soothing and efficient. All who have used the Bitters attest its virtues and commend it to use.


Dr. Krebs & Co.,
Merchant Tailors,
Fowler's Building, West Side Water Street, Elizabeth City, North Carolina, and
ARE NOW PREPARED TO GET UP SUITS OF
BROAD CLOTH, CASIMERES AND FINE LINEN AT SHORT NOTICE
And In The Latest Styles.
PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO CUTTING AND REPAIRING.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
New Goods on Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Give us a Call!

S. S. FOWLER
HAS JUST OPENED A NEW STOCK OF
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS &C.,
WHICH WE PROPOSE TO SELL
Cheap for Cash.
A full line of beautiful Prints, Lawns, Percales, White Goods, Silks, Trimmings, Hosery, &c., &c.
FOR THE LADIES AND
Cloths, Cassimeres, Linens and Furnishing Goods for Gentlemen.
No trouble to show Goods. Call and Examine.

MISCELLANEOUS.

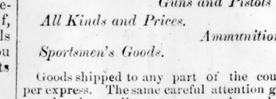
1871. SPRING TRADE. 1871.

CROQUET.
Complete sets from $3 to $20 per set.
BASE BALLS.
All the different kinds at reduced prices.
FISHING TACKLE.
Of every discription.
TRAVELING BAGS.
For ladies and gentlemen.
*Foreign Fancy Goods.*
*Guns and Pistols of*
*All Kinds and Prices.*
*Ammunition,*
*Sportsmen's Goods.*

Goods shipped to any part of the country per express. The same careful attention given to orders by mail as to personal purchases. Prices for our goods based on gold at par.
POULTNEY, TRIMBLE & CO.,
200 W. Baltimore Street,
Baltimore, Md.
March 23, 1871-1yr. G. & H.

PERSONAL.—
NOAH WALKER & CO.
THE
*Celebrated Clothiers of Baltimore, Md.*
Announce the introduction of a plan of ordering
CLOTHING AND UNDERWEAR BY LETTER,
to which they call your special attention.
They will send on application their improved and accurate
RULES FOR SELF-MEASUREMENT
and a full line of samples from their immense stock of *cloths, cassimeres, coatings, shirtings,* &c., &c., thus enabling parties in any part of the country to order their Clothing and Shirts direct from them, with the certainty of receiving garments of
*The Very Latest Style*
*And Most Perfect Fit*
attainable.
Goods ordered will be sent by Express to any part of the country.
As is well known throughout the Southern States they have for *Forty-three years*
*Excelled*
in all departments of their business, which is a substantial guarantee as to the character of the Goods they will send out.
A large and well-assorted stock of
*Ready-Made Clothing.*
always on hand, together with a full line of
*Furnishing Goods*
including all the latest Novelties in Design, and
*At Popular Prices.*
When Goods are sent per Express C. O. D., there will be no collection charge on amounts of $20 and over.
Rules for Self-Measurement, Samples of Goods and Price List sent *free* on application.
The attention of the Trade is invited to our *Wholesale Department*, which is always kept up to the highest standard.
NOAH WALKER & CO.
Manufacturers and Dealers in Men's and Boys' Clothing and Furnishing Goods, either ready-made or made to order.
165 and 167 Baltimore Street.
April 6, 1871.-1yr. Baltimore, Md.
G. & H.

NEW LINE.—



The Steamer "Emma Dunn" will make regular trips from Baltimore to this place and Hertford twice every month.
M. A. MITCHELL Agent
in Baltimore, corner of Fredric and Pratt Sts.
WM. H. CLARK Agent E. City, N. C.
May 25th 1871.

THE ALEXENIA HOUSE.—
AT
NAG'S HEAD OPEN THIS SEASON.
In this brief notice I am glad to say to my old friends, patrons and the public that Nag's Head will be open this season, for their benefit. The Hotel will be opened July 1st.
I feel myself fortunate in procuring the services of one so well known as Mr. J. M. Whedbee of Elizabeth City who will have entire control of the house this season.
The house will be made as comfortable as possible, and no pains will be spared to make every person feel at home and happy.
A steamer will run regularly, giving all an opportunity of visiting this healthful resort.
TERMS.
Persons furnishing their own rooms, including lights, per month.....$35,00.
Rooms furnished.....$45,00
By the week.....$12,50
By the day.....2,50
Children and servants half price.
The table will be furnished with the best of the season, including Fish, Crabs, Oysters, &c., &c.,
A Band of Music has been engaged for the Season. Families wishing rooms will apply to
J. M. WHEDBEE Elizabeth City N. C.,
49—3m. A. E. JACOBS.

SEND YOUR JOB WORK TO THE
North Carolinian
OFFICE.
We have the largest assortment of Job Type ever brought to this section, consequently we can do your job work, in style that cannot be surpassed in any city.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Sun.
CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.
The Dollar Weekly Sun.
A Newspaper of the Present Times.
Intended for People Now on Earth.
Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Workers, Thinkers, and all Manner of Honest Folks, and the Wives, Sons, and Daughters of all such.
ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!
ONE HUNDRED COPIES FOR $50,
Or less than One Cent a Copy. Let there be a $50 Club at every Post Office.
SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, $2 A YEAR,
of the same size and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with a greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater freshness, because it comes twice a week instead of once only.
THE DAILY SUN, $6 A YEAR.
A preëminently readable newspaper, with the largest circulation in the world. Free, Independent, and fearless in politics. All the news from everywhere. Two cents a copy; by mail, 50 cents a month, or $6 a year.
TERMS TO CLUBS.
THE DOLLAR WEEKLY SUN.
Five copies, one year, separately addressed, Four Dollars.
Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club), Eight Dollars.
Twenty copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club), Fifteen Dollars.
Fifty copies, one year, to one address (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club), Thirty-three Dollars.
Fifty copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club), Thirty-five Dollars.
One hundred copies, one year, to one address (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club), Fifty Dollars.
One hundred copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club), Sixty Dollars.
THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.
Five copies, one year, separately addressed, Eight Dollars.
Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to getter up of club), Sixteen Dollars.
SEND YOUR MONEY
in Post Office orders, checks, or drafts on New York, wherever convenient. If not, then register the letters containing money. Address
I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher,
Sun office, New York City.

ROWELS COLUMN.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE TRANSMISSION OF LIFE.
Counsels on the Nature and Hygiene of the Masculine Function, by Dr. Napheys, author of "*The Physical Life of Woman.*" It relates to *the male sex*; is full of new facts; delicate but outspoken; practical and popular; highly endorsed; sells rapidly. Sold by subscription only. Exclusive territory. Terms liberal. Price $2. Address for contents, &c., J. G. FERGUS & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE FREAR COMPOSITION—
STONE.
For house fronts, docks, piers, culverts, walls, fountains and all building purposes; harder, more durable, and 100 per cent. cheaper than natural stone. For supply of same, or right of manufacture, for counties or States, apply to CHAS. W. DARLING, Secretary, N. Y. Frear Stone Co., 1,238 Broadway, N. Y.

SCHOFIELD'S PATENT COTTON PRESS is the simplest and best made. It will suit you. Send for Circular and Prices to SCHOFIELD'S Iron Works, Macon, Georgia.

CONFEDERATE LOCAL STAMPS.—$4. Four Dollars a piece paid for the local stamps issued by the Confederate Postmasters, excepting the New Orleans and Memphis 2 and 5 cents, by WM. P. BROWN & CO., Nassau Street, New York City.

AGENTS! READ THIS!
We will pay Agents a salary of $30 per week and expenses, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGFER & CO., Marshal, Mich

EVERY LADY who desires a first-class Sewing machine (than which there is no superior) free, address, enclosing stamps for return postage. AVERY & CO.
*General Agents, Richmond, Va.*

$325 A Month Horse and Carriage furnished Expenses paid. H. SHAW Alfred, Me.

A MILLION DOLLARS. Shrewed but quiet men can make a fortune by revealing the secret of the business to no one. Address WM. WRAY, 688 Broadway New York.

MERCHANT'S
GARGLING OIL IS GOOD FOR
Burns and Scalds, Chilblains, Sprains and Bruises, Chapped Hands, Flesh Wounds, Frost Bites, External Poison, Sand Cracks, Galls of all kinds, Sitfast, Ringbone, Poll Evil, Bites of animals and insects, Toothache, &c., Rheumatism, Hemorhoids or Piles, Sore Nipples, Caked Breasts, Fistula, Mange, Spavins, Spency, Scratches, or Grease, Stringhalt, Windgalls, Foundered Feet, Cracked Heels, Foot Rot in Sheep, Roup in Poultry, Lime back, &c., &c.,
LARGE SIZE, $1,00; MEDIUM, 50c.; SMALL, 25c.
The Garbling Oil has been in use as a Liniment for thirty-eight years. All we ask is a *fair trial*, but be sure and follow directions.
Ask your nearest druggist or dealer in patent medicines, for one of our Almanacs and Vade-Mecums, and read what the *people* say about the Oil.
The Gargling Oil is for sale by all respectable dealers throughout the United States and other conntries.
Our testimonials date from 1833 to the present, and are unsolteited. Use the *Gargling Oil*, and tell your neighbors what good it has done.
We deal fair and liberal with all, and defy contradiction. *Write for an Almanac & Cook Book,*
Manufactured at Lockport, N. Y.—
BY MERCHANTS.
Cargling Oil Company.
JOHN HODGE, Sec'y.

H. J. SAYERS,
Dealer in real estate, Franklin, Pa.
Buys and sells improved and unimproved lands anywhere in the United States.

PLAIN AND FANCY PRINTING
NEATLY, CHEAPLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.
Having qualified as Public Administrator of Pasquotank county, I will give ample time and attention to the settlement of all estates that may come into my hands.
A late act of the Legislature has made material changes in regard to this subject, which it would be well for those interested to look into.
W. G. POOL,
Public Administrator.
ELIZABETH CITY, July 1st, 1869-tf.

DRUGGISTS.—

WE WOULD INFORM OUR PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY THAT WE STILL KEEP A FULL LINE OF ALL ARTICLES APPERTAINING TO THE BUSINESS.
GRUMBEIN & CO.,
Cor. Main and Road Sts. E. CITY, N. C.
April 20, 1871-1y.

ANNUAL MEETING
OF STOCKHOLDERS.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Edenton and Sufolk Rail Road Co., will be held at Edenton on the 27th of July 1871.
H. A GILLIAM, President
W. C. WOOD, Sec'y and Treasurer.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of C. E. Knight, of the County of Hertford, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.
C. JORDAN, Assignee,
Sunsbury, N. C.
2-3t.

DAUCHEY'S COLUMN.
FREE TO BOOK AGENTS.
We will send a handsome Prospectus of our New Illustrated Family Bible containing over 200 fine Scripture Illustrations to any Book Agent, free of charge. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. 4w.

ψυχη Psychomancy. This word is derived from the Greek, signifying the power of the soul, spirit of mind and is the basis of all human knowledge. Psychomancy is the title of a new work of 400 pages, by Herbert Hamilton, B. A., giving full instructions in the science of Soul charming and Psychologic Fascination; how to exert this wonderful power over men or animals instantaneously, at will. It teaches Mesmerism, how to become Trance or Writing Mediums, Divination, Spiritualism, Alchemy, Philosophy of omens and Dreams, Brigeam Young's Harem, Guide to Marriage, &c. This is the only book in the English language professing to teach this occult power, and is of immense advantage to the Merchant in selling goods, the lawyer in gaining the confidence of Jurors, the Physician in healing the sick; to Lovers, in securing the affections of the opposite sex, & all seeking riches or happiness. Price by mail, incloth, $1,25; paper covers, $1. Agents wanted for this book, Private Medical Works, Perfumer, Jewelry, &c. who will receive samples free. Address, T. W. EVANS, Publisher & Perfumer, 41 South 8th St. Philadelphia, Pa.—4w.

AGENTS MALE AND FEMALE.
For fast selling popular subscription Books. Extra Inducements to Agents. Information free, Address Am. Book Co., 62 William St., N. Y. 4w.

8 O'CLOCK.
REDUCTION OF PRICES
To conform to reduction of duties. Great saving to consumers by getting up clubs.
☞ Send for our New Price List and a Club form will accompany it, containing full directions—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to club organizers. The Great American Tea Co.
31 & 33 Vesey Street,
P. O. Box 5643 —4w. New York.

THEA-NECTAR
IS A PURE
*BLACK TEA*
with the Green Tea Flavor. Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for sale wholesale only by the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., 8 Church St. New York. P. O. Box 5506. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular. —4w.

WANTED—Agents ($20 per day) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE MACHINE. Has the *under-feed*, makes the *"lock stitch"* (alike on both sides,) and is *fully licensed*. The best and cheapest family Sewing Machine in the market. Address, JOHNSON CLARK & Co., Boston, Mass., Pittsburg, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis Mo. —3m.

$10 FROM 50 CENTS. 12 samples sent (postage paid) for 50 cents that retail readily for $10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham Sq., N. Y.

It has the delicate and refreshing fragrance of genuine Farina Cologne Water, and is indispensable to
the Toilet of every Lady or Gentleman. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in PERFUMERY.
COLGATE'S EAU-DE-COLOGNE TOILET SOAP.

JURUBEBA.
WHAT IS IT?
It is a sure and perfect remedy for all diseases of *the Liver and Splene, Enlargement or Obstruction of Intestines, Urinary, Uterine, or Abdominal Organs, Poverty or a want of Blood, Intermittent or Remittent Fevers, Inflammation of the Liver, Dropsy, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Abcesses. Tumors, Jaundice, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Augue & Fever or their concomitants.*
Dr. Wells having become aware of the extraordinary medicinal properties of the South American Plant, called
JURUBEBA.
sent a special commission to that country to procure it in its native purity, and having found its wonderful curative properties to even exceed the anticipations formed by its great reputation, has concluded to offer it to the public, and is happy to state that he has perfected arrangements for a regular monthly supply of this wonderful Plant. He has spent much time experimenting and investigating as to the most efficient preparation from it, for popular use, and has for some time used in his own practice with most happy results the effectual medicine now presented to the public as
DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA
and he confidently recommends it to every family as a household remedy which should be freely taken as a *Blood Purifier* in all derangements of the system and to animate and fortify all weak and Lymphatic temperaments.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG,
Platt St. New York.
Sole Agents for the United States.
Price One Dollar per bottle. Send for Circular.

$375 A MONTH—Expenses paid—Male or Female Agents—Horse and outfit furnished. Address, Saco Novelty Co., Saco, Me., 4w.

SCHOOL TEACHERS
Wanting Employment, at from $50 to $100 per month, should address SIEGLER & McCURDY, Phila. Pa. 4w.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 35 CENTS with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer, No. 34 Fultonville, N. Y. 4w.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE YANKEE STORE
is now receiving and opening the
LARGEST AND BEST-ASSORTED
*STOCK OF GOODS*
ever opened in this City.
Our purchases having been made from Manufacturers and Importers, we
DEFY COMPETITION!
We call especial attention to our elegant assortment of
DRESS GOODS
in every variety;
LADIES' CLOKINGS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
FLANNELS, AND
every variety of
*DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,*
at prices to suit the times.
Ladies' and Children's
SHOES AND GAITERS
in endless variety.
Come and examine them. Also, Men's and Boys'
BOOTS AND SHOES
of every kind and price.
HATS AND CAPS
in every variety and style.
We are retailing our large stock of choice
CROCERIES
at wholesale prices.
We also have on hand a large lot of Brussels, 3-ply, Ingrain and Hemp
CARPETS,
at prices to suit purchasers.
STOVES, TIN AND SHEET-IRON WORK DONE PROMPTLY.
Also, a large assortment of
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE, WOOD
AND WILLOW WARE, &c.
In fact every thing you want can be found at the YANKEE STORE. Come and see.
LAND AND LUMBER CO. OF N. C.
Elizabeth City, Nov. 17, 1870.

ESTABLISHED 1846.
JOHN B. WILLIAMS. THOS. P. WILLIAMS, JR.
P. C. WILLIAMS.
JOHN WILLIAMS & SON,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
4 South Holliday Street.
July 8, 1869. BALTIMORE.

SOUTHERN CLAIMS
AGAINST
THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
Loyal citizens of North Carolina and other Southern States, will be pleased to learn that Congress at the last session passed a law for a commission to be appointed to examine and report on all claims that may be presented to them for Quartermaster and Commissary stores furnished the Federal Army during the late war.
The undersigned are prepared to furnish blanks, and give all information to those having claims—and to prosecute the same to final settlement. Having received the endorsement for ability, &c., from the Hon. Senators Messrs. Pool and Abbott and the Representatives from North Carolina—we believe that we can give satisfaction to all who entrust their claims to us.
McLELLAND & BENEDICT,
Attorneys and solicitors of Claims and Patents
405 North Street Washington, D. C.
41-tf.

ATLANTIC HOTEL, BEAUFORT, N. C.
GEO. W. TAYLOR PROPRIETOR.
REDUCTION OF PRICE!
With a desire to accomodate those who wish to enjoy the cool and healthful breezes from the Ocean at comparatively small cost, I will rent rooms in the Hotel for the Season to parties who wish to furnish themselves—or I will board at reduced rates, where parties furnish their own rooms and Servants.
The Proprietor wishes to meet the wants of *all*. He has had long long experience in the Hotel business and he promises the public that no effort, on his part shall be spared to give entire satisfaction.
The Atlantic House is situated in full view of old Ocean—is not surrounded by any other buildings, and let the breeze come from what quarter it may, the guests of this House get the full benefit of it.
Parties wishing to rent and furnish rooms will please correspond with me at once.
☞ Board per Month.....$30,00.
" " Week.....$10,00.
" " Day.....$2,00.
June 29th-71.

STEREOSCOPES,
VIEWS,
ALBUMS,
CHROMOS
FRAMES.
E. & H. T. ANTHONY, & CO.,
591 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Invite the attention of the Trade to their extensive assortment of the above goods, of their own publication, manufacture and importation.
Also
PHOTO LANTERN SLIDES
and
GRAPHOSCOPES.
NEW VIEWS OF YOSEMITE.
E. & H. T. ANTHONY, & CO.,
591 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Opposite Metropolitan Hotel.
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

S. Weisel,
Corner Main and Water Streets,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Dealer in all kinds of
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Linens, Cloths, Cassmeres, Clothing & Trimmings, Japanese Silks, Irish Poplins, Plain, Striped and Figured Grenadines, Pure Wool and Silk Hernani, Florence Sueting, Plain, and Fancy Lenos, Scotch Ginghams, Piques in Striped and Figured,
ALSO,
Light and colored Alpacas, Swiss Mull, and Jaconet Cambries, Striped Muslin and Nainsooks, Jones' Skirting and Lilly Skirts, India Books and Tucked Nainsooks, Lace Collars and Cuffs, in Setts, Hamburg Edge and Ruffling, Infant Waist Linen Sheeting &c. &c.
ALSO,
Pillow Case Linen, Lace Points, Zepher Points, Kid Gloves, Corsets, Fine Linen Handkerchiefs, for Ladies and Gentlemen, Silk Scarfs, Ribon Bows, Cloths of the finest Fabrics, Fancy and Colored Infant Shoes, Ladies Morocco and Cloth Gaiters, Shoes, &c.
ALSO,
GENTS AND BOYS CLOTHING,
HATS,

# Miscellaneous.

### Romantic Result of a Snare.

A beautiful and wealthy young lady, at a social party, took offence at what she supposed to be the impertinent gaze of a gentleman present, who was a stranger to her, but a friend of the lady of the house. The young beauty demanded his expulsion, as a condition of her remaining. Explanations ensued. The gentleman was not looking at her, "though beautiful enough to attract and fasten the attention of any one." He was looking at a fine and costly chain that encircled the fair one's neck—just such a one as he had purchased for his sister—in one of the links of which (having a secret opening) he had put his photograph. But some month since, and before he had an opportunity to present it to his sister, it was stolen from him. Upon examining the lady's chain he touched a spring (to the little beauty unknown) and lo, and behold! there was his photograph.

I leave you to judge of the confusion of the fair one. She immediately offered to return the piece of jewelry, which was politely declined, for the time, and it is said by knowing ones that she has concluded to accept the young man's hand and heart, in order that being the possessor of one she may be permitted to retain the other. It is but justice to remark that the young lady bought the chain from a traveling peddler, who had stopped at her father's house, for about one-half of its original cost.—*Cor. Chillcothe Register.*

### A Family Without a Newspaper.

Nothing presents a sadder commentary upon the present unhealthy condition of our once loved and prosperous country than the large number of families, both in the city and country, but more especially in the latter, that subscribe to no paper of any kind. Hundreds and thousands of families are thus growing up in utter ignorance of what is transpiring in the world around them—ignorant of the mighty events to-day.

But who can tell the vast amount of injury that is being inflicted upon the rising generation—those who are to take our places in the busy world at no distant day—growing up without any knowledge of the present, the past, or any of the future, and this ignorance, too, being imbued into them by the sanction of those who should, and doubtless do know better, did they only think of their injurious effects, of their insane course. Let the head of every family think of this, and place in the hands of those for whom he is responsible the means of acquiring a thorough knowledge of the moving panorama in which we enact our parts. The best way to do this is to subscribe for our county paper.

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The sore heads of Mahaska County, Iowa, held a convention at Oskaloosa, June 24, and the following resolution was introduced by P. C. Welch, of *The Progressive Conservator*, at Oskaloosa, and *Iowa Phœnix*, at Sigourney:

*Resolved*, That we, the people of Mahaska County, in mass convention assembled, accepting the situation of the country as it is, and recognizing facts as they exist, and not as we would have them be, deem it proper to nominate an entire county ticket, composed of true and trustworthy men, regardless of past political distinctions, and we favor the calling of a State Convention, at an early day, for the purpose of organizing a State Reform Party.

The convention then nominated 10 county officers—four Republicans, five Democrats, and one Progressive Conservative Phœnix man, who, it appears, had not yet arrived at the stage of development which enabled him to tell what party he belonged to.

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Aunt Jane is a most busy, energetic woman, always bearing an Atlas of cares upon her shoulders. In one of her overwhelmed moods she exclaimed: "Forever it's hurry, hurry, work, work. Never will there be any rest for me!" Uncle Elihu mildly suggested: "She was daily drawing nearer a place of long quiet and rest." "Rest, rest! No indeed. If I shodld die to-morrow, the Resurrection would be sure to come next day, so there should be no rest for me. It would be just my luck!"

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By having his wits about him and a plentiful supply of eggs, Mr. Joseph Hale succeeded in saving the life of his wife last week, in Portland, who, in a fit of abstraction, had swallowed a dose of corrosive sublimate, thinking it was laudanum. Given over by the frightened neighbors for as good as dead, her husband at once administered to the terrified victim the whites of 15 eggs, which completely neutralized the effects of the poison.

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There is a sharp rivalry just now in Alabama among different guano dealers. One of them, by way of showing the superiority of his guano over any other, says that a farmer recently put a sample of it into his pocket, in which there happened to be a carpet tack, and started home on horseback. Before reaching his house his steed broke down, and the farmer was at a loss to discover the cause until he found that the carpet tack had grown to be a long bar of railway iron.

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"Good-morning, Mr. Smith. On the sick-list to-day?" "Yes, Sir; got the ague." "Do you ever shake?" "Yes, shake fearfully." "When do you shake again?" "Can't say when; shake every day. Why do you ask?" "Oh, nothing in particular: only I thought if you shook so bad I'd like to stand by and see if you wouldn't shake the $5 out of your pocket which you have owed me so long."

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The newest wonder at the West is a soda lake near Rawlings, on the Union Pacific Railroad, several miles in circumference, and capable of supplying 65,000 tuns of soda a year. This genial body of water is fed from countless springs bubbling from a species of granite rocks which includes in its composition a soda feldspar.

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A very precocious child has appeared, it is said, at Jamestown, Penn. Though barely three years old, he is four feet high, has a head, arms and legs as large as an ordinary man's, strong voice, and remarkable mental powers. His delighted father, one George S. Kingston, thinks of exhibiting his phenomenal son.

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Two brothers met in Grand Rapids, Mich., on the 4th, after a separation of sixteen years, having seen each other but once in that time. One served during the rebellion in the Southern Army, the other in the Northern, and the latter was taken prisoner by his brother's command.

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*The West Chester* (Pa.) *Jeffersonian* says: "The men who 'set up' the New Departure for the Harrisburg Convention were nothing but *political prostitutes*, governed by the most selfish and sordid motives."

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A blind ox, recently sold in Minnesota, broke from the inclosure of its purchaser, swam a river and walked twenty miles to its old home, guided by "instinct."

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Kettles are cleansed of onion and other odors, by dissolving a teaspoonful of pearlash of saleratus in water, and washing them.

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In Milwaukee, when a lazy man is caught at work, they say he is "meddling with industry."

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*DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.*

OF VALUABLE

## NORTH CAROLINA LANDS,

FOR SALE BY

## GEORGE D. POOL.

Real Estate Agent,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

In presenting my list of lands and other properties for sale, I would say that no section of the United States offers such inducements for capitalists and emigrants, as this section of North Carolina. In longevity and healthfulness, it will compare favorably with any where; and in easy and cheap transportation of products to market, in pleasantness of climate, in the sociability of the people, in great fertility, and durability of soil, no section can equal it.

A railroad will soon be built to Weldon, putting this place in direct communication by Rail, with the whole United States. This, together with our great fishing, farming and manufacturing interests, and certain early completion of already projected works of improvement for putting in nearer, cheaper and easier communication with the Ocean, will render this one of the most important commercial, and manufacturing points on the Southern country.

A Steam Saw and Grist Mill in the town of Nixonton 8 miles from E. City. This Mill has a fine wharf and store attached on deep navigable water, the engine is 40 horse power, and all in good order. It is one of the finest locations to be found any where for custom work, and for getting good saw logs easily and cheaply. Price $4,000 cash.

Adjoining the mill property is 40 acres of fine land on the River, with three houses, all for $1200. Near the same is a good two story dwelling and 13 acres of land for $2,000, and a good one story dwelling, with one acre of land for $300.

Also two fine farms in Pasquotank county, 10 miles from E. City, within half mile of church, school house and post office. One tract contains about 400 acres, with fair buildings and mostly cleared, and the other contains 300 acres, with good two story dwelling, large barn, and other outhouses, both are offered at $20 per acre, one third cash, balance in one and two years.

Also one other tract in Pasquotank county, containing 116 acres, within one mile of the town with fine buildings, mostly cleared and in cultivation. Price $25 per acre, one half cash, balance in 12 months.

A valuable site for a hotel at Nag's Head, 40 miles from Elizabeth City, and 50 miles from Edenton. This is situated immediately on the Ocean, and is a famous Summer resort for invalids, and those seeking health, comfort, and amusements during the summer months. It is in direct communication by steamboats and railroad with all parts of North Carolina, Virginia, and the North; and is equal in natural advantages to Newport, or Cape May. Visitors flock to this famous summer resort by hundreds and thousands, and a large amount of money can be made by a hotel. A charter has been obtained from the Legislature of N. C., for a joint stock company to build the hotel. There is now an old hotel on the spot, which could be cheaply repaired and bought for $3,000. This hotel, though imperfectly kept, cleared the proprietor last season, over $3,000. For a man or a company, having some capital, this is one of the finest chances to make money at hotel keeping to be found anywhere. The early attention of the public is invited to this property.

A fine steam saw and grist mill at Hertford, the county seat of Perquimans County, N. C., 18 miles from Elizabeth City. This mill has a fifty horse power engine, now in good running, two pairs of best French burr stones, and two upright saws. The house has a brick basement, and the building is large and in good order. There is one and a half acres of land belonging to this property, and a good two story dwelling, and other out-houses. The section of country adjacent abounds in the finest yellow pine, cypress, ash, poplar, and other valuable timber. This property originally cost $15,000, and is now offered at forced sale for the low price of $3.500, $7.00, cash, and the balance in six equal instalments, six months apart each with interest.

A fine farm and fishery in same county. The farm contains 400 acres of the finest land, lies immediately on Albemarle Sound where the water is 12 miles wide, and 18 to 20 feet deep, has got buildings, and fine neighborhood. The fishery is on the farm and goes with it. It has a new seine 2,500 yards long, and all the necessary boats, buildings, &c., (which cost over $15,000 two years ago.) The fishery alone, of a good season, will make from 5 to $10,000 profit to the owner. This property is offered at forced sale for the low price of $20,000, $7,000 cash, balance on easy times.

A store at South Mills, in Camden county, 20 miles from E. City, and 20 miles from Norfolk, lying on the canal where steamers pass daily. A fine chance for merchandize. Store is large with dwelling above containing six rooms, is in first rate order, has office, kitchen, dairy, and other necessary outhouses. Goods to the amt. of $50,000 per annum can be sold here, and at large profits. A splended stand for a country retail store. Price $2,500—one third cash, balance in one and two years.

A valuable tract of land in Camden county, at South Mills, on the Dismal Swamp Canal, lying on the canal for two miles, containing over 900 acres of land—two-thirds cleared and in a fine state of cultivation, with good buildings, &c.; balance in valuable timber. Price $12,000, one-third cash, balance in one and two years, interest from January, 1871. This is a valuable farm for corn, wheat, and vegetables, and being midway between Elizabeth City and Norfolk, and located where steamers pass by the door daily, is a desirable and cheap property.

A fine farm of 600 acres within six miles of E. City, one mile from navigable water, and the best cotton farm in the State. It is also well adapted to raising corn and wheat. This farm has a splended two-story dwelling upon it, large barn, 40 by 60 feet, a large number of outhouses, by splended trees and shrubbery, is in a strong Union neighborhood, and altogether the most desirable place in the county. A little over one-half of this land is cleared, and the balance is covered with the finest yellow pine, popler, ash and other timber. Price $30 per acre—one-third cash, balance in one and two years with interest. Title reserved.

Sixteen houses and lots in Elizabeth City, with good dwellings, out-houses, &c. Prices and terms reasonable.

A valuable farm in Perquimans county, N. C. near navigable water. Has a fine dwelling-house with ten rooms, in splended order, with splended barns and stables—all in first rate order. The farm is very productive in corn, oats, wheat, cotton and clover. It is one of the finest farms in the State and is now in good cultivation, contains 585 acres of land, about three-fourths cleared and under cultivation. Price $10,000, one-third cash January 1, next balance in two equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent.

A farm of 370 acres 8 miles from town by water, and 12 miles by land, is offered for sale for $10,000 in easy payments. This tract of land lies immediately on the River which is 4 miles wide and washes the farm its whole length on one side, and a branch of the River one mile wide, binds it on one end. The land is well adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, peas, &c., lies high and dry, and is susceptible of the highest improvement. Fronting and looking over, as it does, two large sheets of navigable water, where steamers and sailing vessels are constantly passing, carrying freight and passengers to all parts of the country, its location and surroundings, are of the most fascinating and desirable character. There is a fishery on it ready for working a seine 2,500 yards long, and which commands a portion of both streams of water, and can be made immensely profitable. The price charged is low, and the purchase a very desirable one. The buildings consist of a good two-story dwelling and out-houses.

A tract of valuable land, containing 356 acres, with fine two story dwelling containing 9 rooms and cook-room. Servant's house with 3 rooms, large barns and stables, all necessary and convenient out-houses, 3 tenant-houses near town, and immediately on the River. About 100 acres of this land is in fine wood and timber, balance in a fine state of cultivation. It has 8,000 grape vines one year old, 3,500 peach, apple and dwarf pear trees, five acres in strawberries which yielded an immence profit this year, ten acres in Lawton and other rare varieties of black-berries, 15 to 20,000 young peach trees with other choice fruits too numerous to mention. This farm has a public road on one side, and the River on the other, where strangers come daily to the landings to receive the fruits and vegetables, and carry them down to Norfolk, Baltimore, Phila., or New York. The land is finely adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, and all other field crops.

The owner of this farm offers to sell in tracts, to suit purchasers, say in 50 to 100 acre tracts, and at prices ranging from 35 to $80 per acre, according to location, buildings, &c.

There is also on this farm a fine fishery, where a seine 1,000 yards long, and 20 feet deep is hauled every Spring. Herring, Shad, Rock-fish, Sturgeon and other valuable fish, are caught by thousands at every draw of the seine. And the profits are frequently large. This fishery of itself is worth nearly as much as is charged for the whole property. The terms will be liberal. This is probably the finest opportunity offered any where for a profitable investment.

☞ Fishery has an office, and two houses for hands besides fish house. Then some 500 to 1,000 loads of best fish manure on hand, besides over 5,000 loads of compost made ready for use. This goes with the farm.

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A desirable house and lot in the town of Elizabeth City on the corner of two principal streets, the principal one, and situated in the best business locality in the town. The lot contains about two acres of land, and the buildings consist of a fair dwelling three stories high, containing eight rooms, all in good order, another two story building with four rooms and pantries, dairy, smokehouses, stables, &c. The dwelling has a good cellar under it. There is room on the front lot to erect two good stores, and they would occupy the best stand in the town for merchandize.

For further particulars, enquire of

GEO. D. POOL,
Agent.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Mar. 9, 1871.

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TO SPORTSMEN.—

The subscriber wound announce to his friends and the public that he continues at the old stand on Road street and keeps on hand a good assortment of Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Sporting apparatus and fine cutlery, He may at all times be found either in his store prepared to accommodate customers with New Goods, or in his shop adjoining, willing and happy to repair any article in his line of business.

29—1v. GEO. W. BELL.

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HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF THE best mechanics in each of the departments, and giving my own particular attention to all work done at my shop, I feel safe in saying that my work will compare favorably with that of any of the large cities. All I ask is an examination of my work to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

Repairing done at short notice and at reasonable rates. Give me a call.

JNO. S. WAUGH.

Elizabath City, Nov. 25, 1869.-tf.

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The undersigned has opened a new Watch Makers Shop in his Photographic Gallery over Dr. Butts Drug Store in Elizabeth City, N. C., where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in the line of repairing Watches, Jewelry, Chronometers, also Gold and Silver plating done in the best style. All work guaranteed. Having had fifteen years extensive practice in the business I flatter myself to be able to give entire satisfaction. All I ask is a trial.

J. L. WINNER.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., Aug., 18, 1870.

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## PERMANENT DAILY LINE.

DISMAL SWAMP STEAM TRANS., CO.

Norfolk and Elizabeth City, U. S. Mail Line.

The Company will after this date run a permanently Daily Boat between Norfolk, Va., and Elizabeth City, N. C. Leaving the Company's Wharf at E. City every morning—(Sunday Excepted,) at 6 o'clock, A. M. Leaving Hardy & Sons Wharf, Norfolk, every morning immediately after the arrival of Baltimore Boats. Stopping at Portsmouth.

Freight for intermediate landings must be prepaid.

For further information, apply at the office of Company, Hardy's Wharf, (formerly Willis) Norfolk, Va., or at Company Wharf, E. City, N. C.

Steamer, Thos. Jefferson, Conklin, Com.
" Elizabeth City, Murden, "
" Geo. Washington, Langley "

W. A. HARNEY, Agent.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., March 9th, 1871.

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IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO

CONSUMERS OF DRY GOODS.

ALL RETAIL ORDERS AMOUNTING TO $20 AND OVER DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY, FREE OF EXPRESS CHARGES.

HAMILTON EASTON & SONS,
OF BALTIMORE, MD.,

In order the better to meet the wants of their Retail Customers at a distance, have established a

*SAMPLE BUREAU,*

and will, upon application, *promptly send by mail* full lines of Samples of the Newest and most Fashionable Goods, of FRENCH, ENGLISH and DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE, guaranteeing at all times to sell *as low*, if not at *less prices*, than any house in the country.

Buying our goods from the largest and most celebrated manufacturers in the different parts of Europe, and importing the same by Steamers direct to Baltimore, our stock is at all times promptly supplied with the novelties of the London and Paris Markets.

As we buy and sell *only for cash, and make no bad debts*, we are able and willing to sell our goods at FROM TEN TO FIFTEEN PER CENT, LESS PROFIT than if we gave credit.

*In sending for samples specify the kind of goods desired.* We keep the best grades of every class of goods, from the lowest to the most costly.

*Orders unaccompanied by the cash, will be sent C, O, D.*

PROMPT PAYING WHOLESALE BUYERS are invited to inspect the Stock in our Jobbing and Packing Department. Address

HAMILTON EASTON & SONS,
197, 199, 201 and 203 West Baltimore St.,
Oct. 27th,-'70—1y. Baltimore, Md.

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BONE DUST.—

The subscriber has just erected at his Farm, near the city, the most improved machinery for making BONE DUST, and is now ready to fill orders for any quantity, which will be delivered at the shortest notice.

The BONE DUST will be finer than any heretofore made by him, (no chemical process resorted to,) enabling the Farmer or Planter to sow it with a Drill.

Mr. Samuel Sands, well known to the Farmers and Planters of the United States as the former Editor of the "American Farmer and Rural Register," will have charge of his office, NO. 63 S. GAY STREET, near Pratt, and will be happy to receive the visits or orders of his old friends.

$45 per ton, put in new bags. No charge for bags.

Farmers and others are invited to visit my works. I have nothing to conceal.

My men have nothing nice to perform, therefore I have no "non-admittance" signs on my premises. Persons are free to examine my factory, and the *modus operandi* of Dust making.

I cannot afford to pay 5, 10 or 20 per cent. to commission merchants, as my profits do not exceed 10 per cent.

Bone Dust, as manufacured by me, is *A simple*, and its quality cannot be made to conform to the price.

JOSHUA HORNER,
Office 54 South Gay Street, near Pratt,
Baltimore, Md.

Or at his old stand, Corner Chew and Stirling Sept., 15, 1870—1y.

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## THE OCEAN HOUSE,

Portsmouth, Va.

WILLIAM DORLAN, Proprietor.
apl. 27—tf.

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HOT FORNAG'S HEAD.

The Steamer Hertford! This Steamer has been thoroughly repaired and overhauled, so as to insure the passage from Elizabeth City to Nag's Head in five hours, and has been engaged to run for the season commencing July 1st and ending October 5th.

Fare from Elizabeth City to Nag's Head, $2,00. From Nag's Head to Elizabeth City $2,00. Season Tickets will be issued to families at about former rates.

The Steamer will run on the following Schedule, viz: Leave Elizabeth City Saturdays at 8 o'clock, A. M., and Thursdays at 8 o'clock, A. M. Leaves Nag's Head for Elizabeth on Mondays and Fridays at 8 o'clock, A. M.

The Steamer Hertford will make Excursion trips to Edenton and Hertford through the season.

JAMES BAGLEY,
Captain.

Elizabeth City, N. C., June 21, 1871.

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LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY'S COLUMN.

## LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY

OF

## NORTH CAROLINA.

Incorporated by the Legislature of North Carolina, December 17, 1868.

CAPITAL STOCK - - - - $300,000,00.

General Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

OFFICERS

J. M. WEED, President. C. W. SMITH, Treasurer.
C. H. ROBINSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS

J. M. WEED, WM. UNDERWOOD, CHARLES W. SMITH,
N. R. ZIMMERMAN AND G. B. THOMPSON.

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## TO THE PUBLIC.

THE LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY having a large amount of Real Estate of their own to dispose of, and their business having increased to such an extent, they think it prudent to decline acting further as Commission Agents for the sale of lands belonging to others. They will however be glad at all times to furnish every facility to parties coming to Elizabeth City with a desire to look at the country and make purchases if they find it to their interest to do so.

The following list of property, owned by the Company, is offered for sale on the most reasonable terms. Their object now is to acquire a larger monied capital for the purpose of further developing their unimproved lands and carrying out their original design of increasing the Commerce and General Trade of Elizabeth City.

As there are others in the Commission Business, parties are referred to their advertisement for further information.

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## ELIZABETH CITY.

The following desirable list of Properties in Elizabeth City are offered at very reduced prices for cash or on time payments at rates which make any of them excellent investments for capitalists. We feel confident that this City is destined to become a large place and property will advance rapidly. Emigration is now tending Southernward and the feeling is in universal favor toward Elizabeth City.

A large two-story dwelling known as the Parsonage, with fine double Piazza, front and back, large out kitchen, stables, carriage house, with 17 acres of ground well enclosed. This ground is all within the corporation of the City, and is well situated to lay out in building lots and make out of it ten fold the price asked for it.

A two-story dwelling containing ten rooms, 10,000 gallon cistern and all necessary out-houses, with large lot. Situated on Main Street. A Vacant Lot no better located and not so large as this was sold recently for $1600 cash.

A large brick store house and wharf situate on Water street; in E. City, comprising three lots with 400 feet of water front, permanently wharfed for the accommodation of large vessels. There is erected on these lots a large two-story brick building, 50 by 80 feet, well fitted up for a wholesale or retail trade, at present occupied by the "Yankee Store."

A large wood store on west side of Water street 30 by 60, two stories high, being one of the best stands on Water street for merchandizing.

A House and Lot on Riverside Avenue. House 20ft front by 50 ft deep. Containing eight rooms with Pantry and Cellar, all well finished, modern style, and having all necessary out buildings. The lot contains a front of 400 ft, and would be a good location for a large shop or foundry as one whole side fronts on the water.

Also a large number of Wharf Lots, Mill Lots and Vacant Lots at very low prices, some of which are enumerated below. The Wharf Lots are 200ft deep and will be sold to any size desired along the River. Among them are some most eligible situations for Store Houses, Mills and Manufactories of any kind as there is a fine harbor immediately in front of them, having 30ft of water, sufficient for vessels of any capacity. Along Pennsylvania Avenue are offered some of the finest and choicest lots, for dwellings in town at prices varying according to location. This will be the finest street in town, is 80 feet wide, size of Lot 100ft front by 200ft deep. There are now a number of first class residences being erected on this street. Immediately in the vicinity of these Lots the Company have erected a large Planing Mill, Sash, Blind and Door Factory at a cost of near $20,000 and also their Saw Mill at a cost of near $15,000. That *now* is the proper time to invest in those Lots there can be no doubt, as they will double in value in a very short time. Lots not near so good as these, are now selling in other parts of the City at more than double the price asked for these.

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## VACANT LOTS.

Lots Nos. 150, 155, 158, 161, 163, 165, 167, 170, 172, 175, 178, 180, 182, 185, 187, 190, 193, 195, 198 and 200, situate on Pennsylvania avenue, in the new extension of Elizabeth City, all choice lots, intended for the better class of residences. Size of lots 100 feet front by 200 feet deep. Price varying, according to location, from $100 to $1000.

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## TOWN LOTS.

Lots Nos. 250, 253, 255, 256, 258, 261, 263, 266, 267, 268, 271, 283, 285, 287, 288, 289, 291, 296, 299 and 300, situated on various Streets in the new extension of Elizabeth City, size of lots 50 feet front by 100 feet deep, at prices varying from $25 to $100.

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## MILL LOTS.

Four Mill-Lots situated on Knobb's Creek, so that logs can be taken from the creek to the mill. These lots have 200 feet each of water front, and over 600 feet deep to Mill street, and are choice sites. The purchaser will also have the right of storage for logs in the boom.

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## PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

The Land and Lumber Company also offer for sale, one thousand acres of their timbered land along the Main Road leading from Elizabeth City to Hertford and Edenton. Said land heavily wooded, soil very rich and about four miles from Elizabeth City. This land will be sold in lots to suit purchasers and at the low price often dollars per acre.

They also offer a tract of three thousand acres in Lots to suit purchasers, near the Pasquotank River, ten miles from Elizabeth City and three miles from South Mills. This land is heavily set with wood and also has upon it a vast amount of saw timber, and has a most excellent soil. This is a fine location for a small Colony. There is now a Public Road running directly through it. This tract is offered at the low price of eight dollars per acre if sold to one party, or at only a fraction more if divided into small lots.

The Company will also sell their farm of 250 acres two miles from Elizabeth City. 125 acres cleared and under good cultivation, well fenced, having upon it two dwelling houses, one new and the necessary out buildings wanted on a farm, and will be sold on very reasonable terms.

Also another farm one mile from Elizabeth City containing one hundred acres, between thirty and forty acres cleared and under cultivation, the balance is now being cut off and is nearly ready to be cleared up and cultivated. This property is very desirable being so near the City though for reasons first given will be sold at a very low price.

We have a finely timbered tract of land situated on the Albemarle Sound twenty miles from Elizabeth City, containing 124 acres. Good timber land bordering on the water is valuable both for wood as well as saw timber as water transportation affords a good margin for wood, say one dollar per cord. This will also make good farm land—will be sold for one thousand dollars.

Also one other tract of land containing 154 acres situated immediately on the Pasquotank River ten miles from Elizabeth City, valuable for wood, and is excellent farming lands, would be sold for six dollars per acre.

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## GATES COUNTY.

The Land & Lumber Company have a tract of 350 acres of timbered land one half mile from Chowan River and three miles from Winton the county seat of Hertford county. This body of land is well timbered and will be sold at the low price of three dollars per acre.

☞ The most direct and cheapest route is to go to Baltimore by N. C. R. R., then Bay Line steamer to Norfolk, Va., then steamer to Elizabeth City, N. C.

March 9th 1871.

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# R. R. R.

## RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES THE WORST PAINS

In from One to Twenty Minutes. Not One Hour after reading this advertisement need any one suffer with pain. Radway's Ready Relief is a cure for every pain. It was the first and is

THE ONLY PAIN REMEDY

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES, no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the Rheumatic, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

*Will afford instant cure. Inflammation of the Kidneys Inflammation of the Bladder. Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs. Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing. Palpitation of the Heart. Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria. Catarrh, Influenza. Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism. Cold Chills, Ague Chills.*

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few momen s cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick, Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

Strong and Pure Rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and Beautiful Complexion secured to all.

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

Has made the most astonishing cures; so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful medicine, that

EVERY DAY AN INCREASE IN FLESH AND WEIGHT IS SEEN AND FELT.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system the vigor of life, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphili, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Theum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges. Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastess, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of wastes, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and flesh and weight increasing.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for KIDNEY & BLADDER COMPLAINTS, Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinuence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone-dust, deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constitution, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

☞ Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgest of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 87 Maiden Lane, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you. S. M. P & Co. 3-1y.

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J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Gen'l Agents San Fran. Japan, Cal., and Sandwich Islands.

**MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.** They are not a vile Fusey Drink, made of **Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors** doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true medicine, made from the native roots and herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and a LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE,** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

**They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic,** possessing also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and all the Visceral Organs.

**FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS,** whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

**For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder,** these **Bitters** have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

**DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION,** Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unequaled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

**FOR SKIN DISEASES,** Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the System in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

**Pin, Tape, and other Worms,** lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. Say a distinguished physiologist, there is scarcely an individual upon the face of the earth whose body is exempt from the presence of worms. It is not upon the healthy elements of the body that worms exist, but upon the diseased humors and slimy deposits that breed these living monsters of disease. No system of Medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

**Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.**

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, California, and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

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## NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.

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SMITH AND SIMMONS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
(18)
29 *Commerce, Street, Norfolk, Va., and* 61 *Robinson Street, New York.*

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*References*:—W. T. Harrison & Co., W. F. Allen & Co., Moore, Hebrew & Co., Bankers; Thomas & Core, Norfolk, Va. ap13-1y.

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HAMBURGER BROTHERS,
EXCLUSIVELY
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
CHEWING & SMOKING TOBACCO,
SEGARS, SNUFFS, PIPES,
*No. 15 Wide Water Street,*
ONE DOOR FROM COMMERCE STREET,
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Orders carefully and promptly attended to. Always a *Large Stock* on hand.

☞ Agents for the "Carolina Belle" Scotch and other Snuffs. ap13-1y.

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WHITEHEAD & BRICKHOUSE,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS & TRUNKS,
*Nos. 40 and 42 Iron Front,*
WEST SIDE OF MARKET SQUARE,
Herman & Co.'s Old Stand
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WM. B. BURGESS,
(Formerly of Elizabeth City, N. C.)
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
*No. 15 Wide Water Street, one door from Commerce Street,*
Norfolk, Va.,

Solicits consignments of all kinds of produce. ☞ Advances made on consignments.

*Reference by Permission*:—Hon. Judge Brooks and Col. John S. Burgess, Elizabeth city, N. C. James H. Parker, Harrellsville, and David Parker, Gates county, N. C.; Hon. W. N. H. Smith, formerly of N. C. ap13-3m.

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*HEAD QUARTERS.*
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JAMES JONES, PROPRIETOR.

Best Wines, Liquors, Ale and Lager Beer. ☞ Meals at all hours. Free Lunch every day from 11 to 1 o'clock. ap13-1y.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,
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AND
BUILDING MATERIAL,
Of every description,
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, &c.
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